Rosemount[™] 3051 Pressure Transmitter and Rosemount 3051CF Series Flow Meters

with FOUNDATION[™] Fieldbus Protocol





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1 About this guide

This guide provides basic installation guidelines for Rosemount 3051 Pressure Transmitters. It does not provide instructions for configuration, diagnostics, maintenance, service, troubleshooting, explosion-proof, flameproof, or intrinsically safe (IS) installations. Refer to Rosemount 3051 Pressure Transmitter Reference Manual for more instructions. This guide is also available electronically at Emerson.com/global.

1.1 Safety messages

A WARNING

Explosions

Explosions could result in death or serious injury.

Installation of device in an explosive environment must be in accordance with appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices. Review the *Product certifications* section of the Quick Start Guide for any restrictions associated with a safe installation.

In an explosion-proof/flameproof installation, do not remove the transmitter covers when power is applied to the transmitter.

A WARNING

Process leaks

Process leaks may cause harm or result in death.

To avoid process leaks, only use the O-ring designed to seal with the corresponding flange adapter.

A WARNING

Electrical shock

Electrical shock can result in death or serious injury.

Avoid contact with the leads and terminals. High voltage that may be present on leads can cause electrical shock.

A WARNING

Conduit/cable entries

Unless otherwise marked, the conduit/cable entries in the housing enclosure use a ½–14 NPT form. Only use plugs, adapters, glands, or conduit with a compatible thread form when closing these entries.

Entries marked M20 are M20 \times 1.5 thread form. On devices with multiple conduit entries, all entries will have the same thread form.

When installing in a hazardous location, use only appropriately listed or Ex-certified plugs, glands, or adapters in cable/conduit entries.

WARNING

Physical access

Unauthorized personnel may potentially cause significant damage to and/or misconfiguration of end users' equipment. This could be intentional or unintentional and needs to be protected against.

Physical security is an important part of any security program and fundamental in protecting your system. Restrict physical access by unauthorized personnel to protect end users' assets. This is true for all systems used within the facility.

A WARNING

Refer to the *Product certifications* section of this Quick Start Guide documentation when using the RFID tag (option code Y3) for required installation conditions.

2 System readiness

2.1 Confirm correct device driver

 Verify the correct device driver (DD/DTM[™]) is loaded on your systems to ensure proper communications.

 Download the correct device driver at your host vendor download site, Software Downloads & Drivers or Fieldbus.org.

2.1.1 Device revisions and drivers

<u>Table 2-1</u> provides the information necessary to ensure you have the correct device driver and documentation for your device.

Table 2-1: Rosemount 3051 FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus Device Revisions and Files

Device revision ⁽¹⁾	Host	Device driver (DD) ⁽²⁾	Document
8	All	DD4: DD Rev 1	Rosemount 3051
	All	DD5: DD Rev 1	Pressure Transmitter with FOUNDATION
	Emerson	AMS Device Manager V 10.5 or higher: DD Rev 2	Fieldbus Reference Manual
	Emerson	AMS Device Manager V 8 to 10.5: DD Rev 1	
	Emerson	Field Communicator: DD Rev 2	
7	All	DD4: DD Rev 3	
	All	DD5: NA	
	Emerson	AMS Device Manager V 10.5 or higher: DD Rev 6	
	Emerson	AMS Device Manager V 8 to 10.5: DD Rev 4	
	Emerson	Field Communicator: DD Rev 6	

⁽¹⁾ FOUNDATION Fieldbus device revision can be read using a FOUNDATION Fieldbus capable configuration tool.

⁽²⁾ Device driver file names use device and DD revision. To access functionality, the correct device driver must be installed on your control and asset management hosts and on your configuration tools.

3 Transmitter installation

3.1 Mounting the transmitter

A WARNING

Process connection temperatures above +185 °F (+85 °C) require a limited ambient temperature, reduced by a 1:1.5 ratio.

Consider process connection and ambient temperatures when installing the transmitter with hazardous location certifications. See <u>Table 3-1</u>.

Table 3-1: Intrinsically Safe/Increased Safety

Process connection temperature	Maximum ambient temperature
-76 to +185 °F (-60 to +85 °C)	+158 °F (+70 °C)
+185 to +250 °F (+85 to +121 °C)	+158 to +60 °F (+70 to +16 °C) ⁽¹⁾

(1) Maximum ambient temperature is reduced by 1.5 degree for 1 degree temperature rise in the process connection temperature beyond +185 °F (+85 °C).

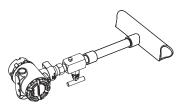
3.1.1 Mount the transmitter in liquid applications

Procedure

- 1. Place taps to the side of the line.
- 2. Mount beside or below the taps.
- 3. Mount the transmitter so the drain/vent valves are oriented upward.

Figure 3-1: Mounting the Transmitter in Liquid Applications

In-line



3.1.2 Mount the transmitter in gas applications

Procedure

- 1. Place taps in the top or side of the line.
- 2. Mount beside or above the taps.

Figure 3-2: Mounting the Transmitter in Gas Applications

In-line



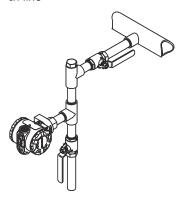
3.1.3 Mount the transmitter in steam applications

Procedure

- 1. Place taps to the side of the line.
- 2. Mount beside or below the taps.
- 3. Fill impulse lines with water.

Figure 3-3: Mounting the Transmitter in Steam Applications

In-line

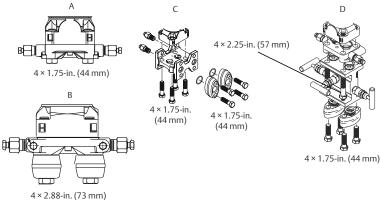


3.1.4 Install bolts

If the transmitter installation requires assembly of the process flanges, manifolds, or flange adapters, follow these assembly guidelines to ensure a tight seal for optimal performance characteristics of the transmitters.

Use only bolts supplied with the transmitter or sold by Emerson as spare parts. Figure 3-4 illustrates common transmitter assemblies with the bolt length required for proper transmitter assembly.

Figure 3-4: Common Transmitter Assemblies



- A. Transmitter with Coplanar[™] flange
- B. Transmitter with Coplanar flange and optional flange adapters
- C. Transmitter with traditional flange and optional flange adapters
- D. Transmitter with Coplanar flange and optional manifold and flange adapters

Bolts are typically carbon steel (CS) or stainless steel (SST). Confirm the material by viewing the markings on the head of the bolt and referencing . If bolt material is not shown in Table 3-2, contact a local Emerson representative for more information.

NOTICE

Carbon steel bolts do not require lubrication, and the stainless steel bolts are coated with a lubricant to ease installation. Do not apply any additional lubricant when installing either type of bolt.

Procedure

- Finger-tighten the bolts.
- 2. Torque the bolts to the initial torque value using a crossing pattern.

Note

See <u>Table 3-2</u> for torque values.

Torque the bolts to the final torque value using the same crossing pattern.

Note

See <u>Table 3-2</u> for torque values.

4. Verify the flange bolts are protruding through the isolator plate before applying pressure.

Table 3-2: Torque Values for the Flange and Flange Adapter Bolts

Bolt material	Head markings	Initial torque	Final torque
Carbon steel (CS)	B7M B7M	300 in-lb	650 in-lb
Stainless steel (SST)	316 BBM 316 STM SW 316 SW 316	150 in-lb	300 in-lb

3.1.5 O-rings with flange adapters

A WARNING

Failure to install proper flange adapter O-rings may cause process leaks, which can result in death or serious injury.

The two flange adapters are distinguished by unique O-ring grooves. Only use the O-ring that is designed for its specific flange adapter, as shown in Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-5: O-ring location: Rosemount 3051S/3051/2051



- A. Flange adapter
- B. O-ring
- C. PFTE-based profile (square)
- D. Elastomer profile (round)

Note

Whenever the flanges or adapters are removed, visually inspect the O-rings. Replace them if there are any signs of damage, such as nicks or cuts. If you replace the O-rings, re-torque the flange bolts and alignment screws after installation to compensate for seating of the PTFE O-ring.

3.1.6 Environmental seal for housing

Thread sealing (PFTE) tape or paste on male threads of conduit is required to provide a water/dust tight conduit seals and meets requirements of NEMA® Type 4X, IP66, and IP68. Consult factory if other ingress protection ratings are required.

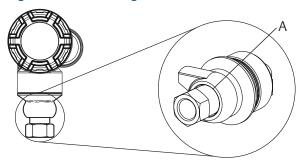
For M20 threads, install conduit plugs to full thread engagement or until mechanical resistance is met.

3.1.7 In-line gage transmitter orientation

The low side pressure port (atmospheric reference) on the in-line gage transmitter is located in the neck of the transmitter, behind the housing. The vent path is between the transmitter's housing and sensor (see <u>Figure 3-6</u>).

Keep the vent path free of any obstruction, including but not limited to paint, dust, and lubrication by mounting the transmitter so that the process can drain away.

Figure 3-6: In-line Gage Low Side Pressure Port



A. Low side pressure port (atmospheric reference)

3.1.8 Install high pressure coned and threaded connection

The transmitter comes with an autoclave connection designed for high pressure applications. To properly connect the transmitter to your process:

Procedure

- 1. Apply a process-compatible lubricant to the gland nut threads.
- Slip the gland nut onto the tube and then thread the collar onto the tube end.

The collar is reverse threaded.

- 3. Apply a small amount of process-compatible lubricant applied to the tube cone to help prevent galling and facilitate sealing. Insert the tubing into the connection and tighten finger tight.
- 4. Tighten the gland nut to a torque of 25 ft-lb.

Note

A weep hole has been designed into the transmitter for safety and leak detection. If fluid begins to leak from the weep hole,

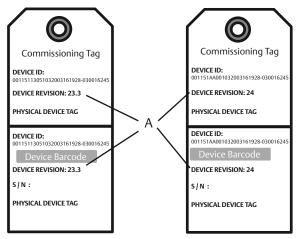
isolate the process pressure, disconnect the transmitter, and reseal until the leak is resolved.

3.2 Tagging

3.2.1 Commissioning (paper) tag

To identify which device is at a particular location, use the removable tag provided with the transmitter. Ensure the physical device tag (PD tag field) is properly entered in both places on the removable commissioning tag and tear off the bottom portion for each transmitter.

Figure 3-7: Commissioning Tag



A. Device revision

Note

The device driver loaded in the host system must be at the same revision as this device. You can download the device driver from the host system website or <u>Software & Drivers</u>. You can also visit <u>Fieldbus.org</u>.

3.3 Rotate housing

To improve visibility of optional LCD display:

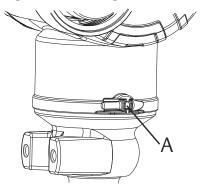
Procedure

- 1. Loosen the housing rotation screw.
- First rotate the housing clockwise to the desired location. If the desired location cannot be achieved due to thread limit, rotate

the housing counter clockwise to the desired location (up to 360° from thread limit).

3. Re-tighten the housing rotation screw (see Figure 3-8).





A. Housing rotation screw (5/64-in. hex wrench required)

3.4 Set the switches

Set **Simulate** and **Security** switch configuration before installation as shown in Figure 3-9.

- The Simulate switch enables or disables simulated alerts and simulated analog input AI block status and values. The default Simulate switch position is enabled.
- The **Security** switch allows (unlocked symbol) or prevents (locked symbol) any configuration of the transmitter.
- Default security is off (unlocked symbol).
- The **Security** switch can be enabled or disabled in software.

To change the switch configuration:

Procedure

- 1. If the transmitter is installed, secure the loop and remove power.
- 2. Remove the housing cover opposite the field terminal side.

A WARNING

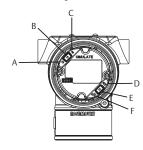
Do not remove the instrument cover in explosive atmospheres when the circuit is live.

- Slide the **Security** and **Simulate** switches into the preferred position.
- 4. Replace the housing cover.

Note

Emerson recommends tightening the cover until there is no gap between the cover and the housing.

Figure 3-9: Simulate and Security Switches



- A. Simulate disabled position
- B. Simulate switch
- C. Simulate enabled position
- D. **Security** locked position
- E. **Security** switch
- F. Security unlocked position

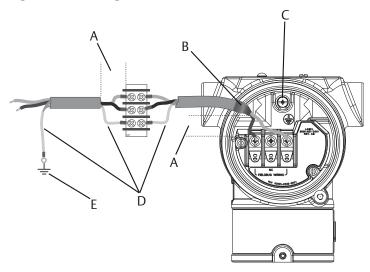
3.5 Connect wiring and power up

Use copper wire of sufficient size to ensure that the voltage across the transmitter power terminals does not drop below 9 Vdc. Power supply voltage can be variable, especially under abnormal conditions, such as when operating on battery backup. Emerson recommends a minimum of 12 Vdc under normal operating conditions and shielded twisted pair Type A cable.

Procedure

 To power the transmitter, connect the power leads to the terminals indicated on the terminal block label.

Figure 3-10: Wiring Terminals



- A. Minimize distance
- B. Trim shield and insulate
- C. Protective grounding terminal (do not ground cable shield at the transmitter)
- D. Insulate shield
- E. Connect shield back to the power supply ground

Note

The power terminals are polarity insensitive, which means the electrical polarity of the power leads does not matter when connecting to the power terminals. If polarity sensitive devices are connected to the segment, follow terminal polarity. When wiring to the screw terminals, Emerson recommends using crimped legs.

Ensure full contact with terminal block screw and washer.When using a direct wiring method, wrap wire clockwise to ensure it is in place when tightening the terminal block screw.

Note

Emerson does not recommend using a pin or ferrule wire terminal, as the connection may be more susceptible to loosening over time or under vibration.

3.5.1 Ground signal wiring

Do not run signal wiring in conduit or open trays with power wiring or near heavy electrical equipment. Grounding terminations are provided on the outside of the electronics housing and inside the terminal compartment. These grounds are used when transient protect terminal blocks are installed or to fulfill local regulations.

Procedure

- Remove the field terminals housing cover.
 - a) Trim the cable shield as short as practical and insulate from touching the transmitter housing.

NOTICE

If the cable shield touches the transmitter housing, it can create ground loops and interfere with communication.

Do not ground the cable shield at the transmitter.

- b) Continuously connect the cable shields to the power supply ground.
- c) Connect the cable shields for the entire segment to a single good earth ground at the power supply.

NOTICE

Improper grounding is the most frequent cause of poor segment communications.

- 2. Connect the wiring pair and ground as indicated in Figure 3-10.
- Replace the housing cover.
 Emerson recommends tightening the cover until there is no gap between the cover and the housing.
- 4. Plug and seal unused conduit connections.

3.5.2 Power supply

The transmitter requires between 9 and 32 Vdc (9 and 30 Vdc for intrinsic safety and 9 and 17.5 Vdc for FISCO intrinsic safety) to operate and provide complete functionality.

3.5.3 Power conditioner

A Fieldbus segment requires a power conditioner to isolate the power supply filter and decouple the segment from other segments attached to the same power supply.

3.5.4 Fieldbus grounding

You cannot ground the Fieldbus segment signal wiring.

NOTICE

Grounding out one of the signal wires will shut down the entire Fieldbus segment.

3.5.5 Shield wire ground

To protect the Fieldbus segment from noise, grounding techniques for shield wire require a single grounding point for shield wire to avoid creating a ground loop. Connect the cable shields for the entire segment to a single good earth ground at the power supply.

3.5.6 Signal termination

For every Fieldbus segment, install a terminator at the beginning and at the end of each segment.

3.5.7 Locating devices

Frequently, different personnel install, configure, and commission devices over time. A **Locate Device** capability uses the LCD display (when installed) to assist personnel in finding the desired device.

From the device **Overview** screen, select the **Locate Device** button. This launches a method allowing you to display a Find me message or enter a custom message to display on the device LCD display.

When you exit the **Locate Device** method, the device LCD display automatically returns to normal operation.

Note

Some hosts do not support **Locate Device** in the device driver (DD).

3.6 Configuration

Each FOUNDATION[™] Fieldbus host or configuration tool has a different way of displaying and performing configurations. Some use device

drivers (DD) or DD methods for configuration and to display data consistently across platforms.

There is no requirement that a host or configuration tool support these features. Use the following block examples to do basic configuration to the transmitter. For more advanced configurations, see the Rosemount 3051 Pressure Transmitter with FOUNDATION Fieldbus Reference Manual.

Note

DeltaV[™] users should use DeltaV Explorer for the resource and transducer blocks and control studio for the function blocks.

3.6.1 Configure analog input (AI) block

Prerequisites

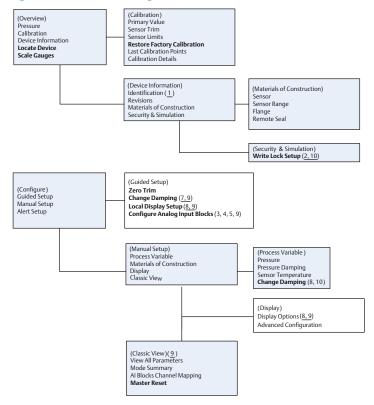
Before beginning configuration, you may need to verify the device tag or deactivate hardware and software write protection on the transmitter.

- 1. To verify the device tag, go to **Overview** → **Device Information**.
- To check the switches, see <u>Figure 3-9</u>. The **Write Lock** switch must be in the unlocked position if the switch has been enabled in software. Emerson ships devices from the factory with the software **Write Lock** disabled. To disable the software **Write Lock**, go to **Overview** → **Device Information** → **Security and Simulation**. Perform **Write Lock Setup** to disable software **Write Lock**.

Note

Place the control loop in Manual mode before beginning analog input block configuration.





- Standard text navigation selections available
- (Text) name of selection used on parent menu screen to access this screen
- Bold text automated methods
- Underlined text configuration task numbers from configuration flow chart

To use guided setup:

- Navigate to Configure → Guided Setup.
- Select AI Block Unit Setup.

Note

Guided setup will automatically go through each step in the proper order.

Note

For convenience, AI block 1 is pre-linked to the transmitter primary variable and should be used for this purpose. AI block 2 is pre-linked to the transmitter sensor temperature. Select the channel for AI blocks 3 and 4.

- Channel 1 is the primary variable.
- Channel 2 is the sensor temperature.

If the FOUNDATION[™] Fieldbus Diagnostics Suite Option Code D01 is enabled, these additional channels are available.

- Channel 12 is the SPM mean.
- Channel 13 is the SPM standard deviation.

To configure SPM, refer to the <u>Rosemount 3051 Pressure Transmitter</u> with FOUNDATION Fieldbus Reference Manual.

Note

<u>Step 1</u> through <u>Step 4</u> are all performed in a single step by step method under guided setup, or on a single screen using manual setup.

Note

If the L_TYPE selected in <u>Step 1</u> is Direct, <u>Step 2</u> through <u>Step 4</u> are not needed. If the L_TYPE selected is Indirect, <u>Step 4</u> is not needed. Any unneeded steps will automatically be skipped.

Procedure

- To select the signal conditioning L_TYPE from the drop down menu:
 - Select L_TYPE: Direct for pressure measurements using the device default units.
 - Select L_TYPE: Indirect for other pressure or level units.
 - Select L TYPE: Indirect Square Root for flow units.
- To set XD_SCALE to the 0% and 100% scale points (the transmitter range):
 - a) Select the **XD_SCALE_UNITS** from the drop down menu.
 - Enter the XD_SCALE 0% point.
 This may be elevated or suppressed for level applications.
 - c) Enter the XD_SCALE 100% point.

This may be elevated or suppressed for level applications.

If L_TYPE is Direct, the AI block may be placed in AUTO mode to return the device to service. Guided setup does this automatically.

- 3. If L_TYPE is Indirect or Indirect Square Root, set OUT_SCALE to change engineering units.
 - Select the OUT_SCALE UNITS from the drop down menu.
 - b) Set the OUT_SCALE low value.
 This may be elevated or suppressed for level applications.
 - c) Set the OUT_SCALE high value.
 This may be elevated or suppressed for level applications.
 - d) If L_TYPE is Indirect, the AI Block may be placed in AUTO mode to return the device to service.
 Guided setup does this automatically.
- If L_TYPE is Indirect Square Root, a LOW FLOW CUTOFF function is available.
 - a) Enable LOW FLOW CUTOFF.
 - b) Set the LOW CUT VALUE in XD SCALE UNITS.

The AI block may be placed in AUTO mode to return the device to service. Guided setup does this automatically.

- 5. Change damping.
 - To use guided setup:
 - Navigate to Configure → Guided Setup.
 - Select Change Damping.

Note

Guided setup will automatically go through each step in the proper order.

- Enter the desired damping value in seconds. The permitted range of values is 0.4 to 60 seconds.
- To use manual setup:
 - Navigate to Configure → Manual Setup → Process Variable.

- Select Change Damping.
- Enter the desired damping value in seconds. The permitted range of values is 0.4 to 60 seconds.
- 6. Configure optional LCD display (if installed).
 - To use guided setup:
 - Navigate to Configure → Guided Setup.
 - Select Local Display Setup.

Note

Guided setup will automatically go through each step in the proper order.

- Check the box next to each parameter to be displayed to a maximum of four parameters. The LCD display will continuously scroll through the selected parameters.
- To use manual setup:
 - Navigate to Configure → Guided Setup.
 - Select Local Display Setup.
 - Check each parameter to be displayed. The LCD display will continuously scroll through the selected parameters.
- 7. Review transmitter configuration and place in service.
 - To review the transmitter configuration, navigate using the manual setup navigation sequences for AI Block Unit Setup, Change Damping, and Set up LCD Display.
 - b) Change any values as necessary.
 - c) Return to the *Overview* screen.
 - d) If mode is Not in Service, select the Change button, and then select Return All to Service.

Note

If hardware or software write protection is not needed, you can skip <u>Step 8</u>.

- 8. Set switches and software Write Lock.
 - a) Check switches.

Note

The **Write Lock** switch can be left in the locked or unlocked position. The **Simulate** enable/disable switch may be in either position for normal device operation.

3.6.2 Enable software Write Lock

Procedure

- 1. Go to Overview \rightarrow Device Information \rightarrow Security and Simulation.
- 2. Perform **Write Lock Setup** to enable software **Write Lock**.

3.6.3 Analog input (AI) block configuration parameters

Use the pressure, differential pressure (DP) flow, and DP level examples for guides.

Parameters	Enter o	Enter data			
Channel	1 2 12 13	SPM r	or temp	n	
L-Type	DirectIndirectSquare root				
XD_Scale	Scale a	nd engin	eering units		
Note	Pa	bar	torr at 0 °C	ft. H ₂ O at 4 °C	m H ₂ O at 4 °C
Select only the units that are	kPa	mbar	kg/cm ²	ft. H ₂ O at 60 °F	mm Hg at 0 °C
supported by	mPa	psf	kg/m ²	ft. H ₂ O at 68 °F	cm Hg at 0 °C
the device.	hPa	Atm	inH ₂ O at 4 °C	mm H ₂ O at 4 °C	in Hg at 0 °C
	°C	psi	inH ₂ O at 60 °F	mm H ₂ O at 68 °C	m Hg at 0 °C
	°F	g/cm²	inH ₂ O at 68 °F	cm H ₂ O at 4 °C	
Out_Scale	Scale and engineering units				

Pressure example

Parameters	Enter data
Channel	1
L_Type	Direct

Parameters	Enter data	
XD_Scale	See list of supported engineering units.	
Note Select only the units that are supported by the device.		
Out_Scale	Set values outside operating range.	

DP flow example

Parameters	Enter data	
Channel	1	
L_Type	Square root	
XD_Scale	0-100 inH ₂ O at 68 °F	
Note Select only the units that are supported by the device.		
Out_Scale	0-20 GPM	
Low_Cut	inH ₂ O at 68 °F	

DP level example

Parameters	Enter data	
Channel	1	
L_Type	Indirect	
XD_Scale	0-300 inH ₂ O at 68 °F	
Note Select only the units that are supported by the device.		
Out_Scale	0–25 ft.	

3.6.4 Display pressure on the LCD display

Procedure

Select the Pressure check box on the $\it Display\ Configuration$ screen.

3.7 Zero trim the transmitter

Note

Emerson ships transmitters calibrated by either customer request or by the factory default of full scale (span = upper range limit).

A zero trim is a single-point adjustment used for compensating mounting position and line pressure effects. When performing a zero trim, ensure the equalizing valve is open and all wet legs are filled to the correct level.

The transmitter will only allow 3-5 percent upper range limit (URL) zero error to be trimmed. For greater zero errors, compensate for the offset by using the XD_Scaling, Out_Scaling, and Indirect L_Type which are part of the analog input (AI) block.

Procedure

Zero trim the transmitter.

- Use guided setup.
 - a. Navigate to **Configure** → **Guided Setup**.
 - b. Select **Zero Trim**.
 - c. The method will execute the zero trim.
- Use manual setup.
 - Navigate to Overview → Calibration → Sensor Trim.
 - Select Zero Trim.
 - The method will execute the zero trim.

4 Product certifications

4.1 European Directive information

A copy of the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at the end of the Quick Start Guide. The most recent revision of the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at www.Emerson.com.

4.2 Ordinary location certification

As standard, the transmitter has been examined and tested to determine that the design meets the basic electrical, mechanical, and fire protection requirements by a Nationally Recognized Test Laboratory (NRTL), as accredited by the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

4.2.1 Functional specifications

Pollution 4

degree

Altitude 16,404.2 ft. (5000 m) maximum

Humidity All models: 0 to 100 percent relative humidity

Supply voltage 4-20 mA (HART®): 42.4 Vdc

(VMAX) FOUNDATION[™] Fieldbus, PROFIBUS[™] PA: 32 Vdc

4.3 North America

E5 USA Explosion-proof (XP) and Dust-Ignition-proof (DIP)

Range 1-5 (HART®)

Certificate FM16US0121

Standards FM Class 3600 – 2018, FM Class 3615 – 2018, FM Class

3616 - 2011, FM Class 3810 - 2005, ANSI/NEMA 250 -

2008

Markings XP CL I, DIV 1, GP B, C, D; DIP CL II, DIV 1, GP E, F, G; CL

III; T5(-50 °C \leq T_a \leq +85 °C); factory sealed; Type 4X

Range 1-6 (HART/Fieldbus/PROFIBUS®)

Certificate 1053834

Standards ANSI/ISA 12.27.01–2003, CSA Std. C22.2 No. 30–M1986,

CSA Std. C22.2 No.142-M1987, CSA Std. C22.2 No. 213-

M1987

Markings XP Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C and D, T5, ($-50 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_a$

 \leq +85 °C) suitable for Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB+H2, T5; DIP Class II and Class III, Division 1, Groups E, F and G, T5, (–50 °C \leq T_a \leq +85 °C); Type 4X; factory sealed; single

seal (see drawing *03031-1053*)

I5 USA Intrinsic Safety (IS) and Nonincendive (NI)

Range 1-5 (HART)

Certificate FM16US0120X

Standards FM Class 3600 – 2011, FM Class 3610 – 2010, FM Class

3611 - 2004, FM Class 3810 - 2005, ANSI/NEMA 250 -

2008

Markings IS CL I, DIV 1, GP A, B, C, D; CL II, DIV 1, GP E, F, G;

Class III; DIV 1 when connected per Rosemount drawing 03031-1019; NI CL 1, DIV 2, GP A, B, C, D; T4 (-50 °C \leq T_a \leq +70 °C) [HART], T5(-50 °C \leq T_a \leq +60 °C)[Fieldbus/

PROFIBUS]; Type 4X

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. The Rosemount 3051 transmitter housing contains aluminum and is considered a potential risk of ignition by impact or friction. Care must be taken into account during installation and use to prevent impact and friction.

2. The 3051 transmitter with the transient terminal block (option code T1) will not pass the 500 Vrms dielectric strength test and this must be taken into account during installation.

Range 1-6 (HART/Fieldbus/PROFIBUS)

Certificate: 1053834

Standards: ANSI/ISA 12.27.01 - 2003, CSA Std. C22.2 No.142 -

M1987, CSA Std. C22.2. No.157 - 92

Markings: IS Class I, II, III, Division 1 Groups A, B, C, D, E, F,

and G when connected in accordance with Rosemount drawing 03031-1024, suitable for Class I, Zone 0 Group IIC; Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D; NIFW; Suitable for Class I Zone 2, Group IIC; HART: T4 (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +70 °C); T5 (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +40 °C) Fieldbus/

PROFIBUS: T4 (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +60 °C) Type 4X

IE USA FISCO

Range 1-5 (HART)

Certificate: FM16US0120X

Standards: FM Class 3600 – 2011, FM Class 3610 – 2010, FM Class

3611 - 2004, FM Class 3810 - 2005

Markings: IS CL I, DIV 1, GP A, B, C, D when connected per

Rosemount drawing 03031-1019 (-50 °C \leq T_a \leq +60 °C);

Type 4X

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

 The 3051 transmitter housing contains aluminum and is considered a potential risk of ignition by impact or friction. Care must be taken into account during installation and use to prevent impact and friction.

2. The 3051 transmitter with the transient terminal block (option code T1) will not pass the 500 Vrms dielectric strength test, and this must be taken into account during installation.

Range 1-6 (HART/Fieldbus/PROFIBUS)

Certificate 1053834

Standards ANSI/ISA 12.27.01 – 2003, CSA Std. C22.2 No.142 –

M1987, CSA Std. C22.2. No.157-92

Markings IS Class I, Division 1 Groups A, B, C, D, T4 (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq

+60 °C) when connected in accordance with Rosemount drawing 03031-1024, suitable for Class I, Zone 0 Group IIC; Type 4X; factory sealed; single seal (see drawing

03031-1053)

C6 Canada Explosion-proof, Dust-Ignition-proof, Intrinsic Safety and Nonincendive

Certificate 1053834

Standards ANSI/ISA 12.27.01-2003, CSA Std. C22.2 No. 30

-M1986, CSA Std. C22.2 No.142-M1987, CSA Std. C22.2.

No.157-92, CSA Std. C22.2 No. 213 - M1987

Markings Explosion proof for Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C and

D; suitable for Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB+H2, T5 (-50 °C \leq T_a \leq +85 °C); Dust-Ignitionproof Class II, III Division 1, Groups E, F, G; T5 (-50 °C \leq T_a \leq +85 °C); Intrinsically Safe Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D when connected in accordance with Rosemount drawing 03031-1024, temperature code T4; suitable for Class I, Zone 0; Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D, T5 (-50 °C \leq T_a \leq +85 °C); Intrinsically Safe Class I, Division 1, Groups A,

B, C, D when connected in accordance with Rosemount drawing 03031-1024, Temperature Code T4; Suitable for Class I, Zone 0; Class I Division 2 Groups A, B, C, and D, T5; Suitable for Class I, Zone 2, Group IIC; Type 4X; factory sealed; single seal (see drawing 03031-1053)

E6 Canada Explosion-proof, Dust-Ignition-proof and Division 2

Certificate 1053834

Standards ANSI/ISA 12.27.01-2003, CSA Std. C22.2 No. 30 -M1986,

CSA Std. C22.2 No.142-M1987, CSA Std. C22.2 No. 213 -

M1987

Markings Explosion proof Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, and D: Suitable for Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB+H2, T5:

D; Suitable for Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB+H2, T5; Dust-Ignition-proof for Class II and Class III, Division 1, Groups E, F, and G; T5 (–50 °C \leq T $_a$ \leq +85 °C); Dust-Ignition-proof for Class II and Class III, Division 1, Groups E, F and G; T5 (–50 °C \leq T $_a$ \leq +85 °C); Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, and D; T5 (–50 °C \leq T $_a$ \leq +85 °C); Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D; T5; suitable for Class I, Zone 2, Group IIC; Type 4X; factory sealed;

single seal (see drawing 03031-1053)

4.4 Europe

E8 ATEX Flameproof and Dust

Certificate KEMA00ATEX2013X; Baseefa11ATEX0275X

Standards EN60079-0: 2012 + A11: 2013, EN60079-1: 2014,

EN60079-26: 2015, EN60079-31: 2009

Markings Ex II 1/2 G Ex db IIC T6...T4 Ga/Gb T6 (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq

+70 °C), T4/T5 (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +80 °C); Ex II 1 D Ex ta IIIC

T95 °C T_{500} 105 °C Da (-20 °C $\leq T_a \leq +85$ °C)

Table 4-1: Process Temperature

Temperature class	Process temperature
Т6	-60 to +70 °C
T5	-60 to +80 °C
T4	-60 to +120 °C

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

 This device contains a thin wall diaphragm less than 1 mm thick that forms a boundary between Category 1 (process

connection) and Category 2 (all other parts of the equipment). The model code and datasheet are to be consulted for details of the diaphragm material. During installation, maintenance, and use the environmental conditions to which the diaphragm will be subjected shall be taken into account. The manufacturer's instructions for installation and maintenance shall be followed in detail to assure safety during its expected lifetime.

- 2. Flameproof joints are not intended for repair.
- Non-standard paint options may cause risk from electrostatic discharge. Avoid installations that could cause electrostatic build-up on painted surfaces, and only clean the painted surfaces with a damp cloth. If paint is ordered through a special option code, contact the manufacturer for more information.
- 4. Some variants of the equipment have reduced markings on the nameplate. Refer to the Certificate for full equipment marking.

I1 ATEX Intrinsic Safety and Dust

Certificate BAS97ATEX1089X; Baseefa11ATEX0275X

Standards EN60079-0:2012 + A11:2013, EN60079-11:2012,

EN60079-31:2014

Markings HART[®]: Ex II 1 G Ex ia IIC T5/T4 Ga, T5 (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +40

°C), T4 (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +70 °C)

Fieldbus/PROFIBUS®: Ex II 1 G Ex ia IIC Ga T4(-60 °C ≤ T_a

≤ +60 °C)

Dust: Ex II 1 D Ex ta IIIC T95 °C $T_{500}105$ °C Da (-20 °C $\leq T_a$

≤ +85 °C)

Table 4-2: Input Parameters

Parameter	HART	Fieldbus/PROFIBUS
Voltage U _i	30 V	30 V
Current I _i	200 mA	300 mA
Power P _i	0.9 W	1.3 W
Capacitance C _i	0.012 μF	0 μF
Inductance L _i	0 mH	0 mH

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

 The apparatus is not capable of withstanding the 500 V insulation test required by clause 6.3.12 of EN60079-11: 2012. This must be taken into account when installing the apparatus.

- The enclosure may be made of aluminum alloy and given a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in Zone 0.
- 3. Some variants of the equipment have reduced markings on the nameplate. Refer to the Certificate for full equipment marking.

IA ATEX FISCO

Certificate BAS97ATEX1089X

Standards EN60079-0: 2012 + A11: 2013, EN60079-11: 2012

Markings Ex II 1 G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +60 °C)

Table 4-3: Input Parameters

Parameter	Fieldbus/PROFIBUS
Voltage U _i	17.5 V
Current I _i	380 mA
Power P _i	5.32 W
Capacitance C _i	≤ 5 nF
Inductance L _i	≤ 10 µH

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. The apparatus is not capable of withstanding the 500 V insulation test required by EN60079-11. This must be taken into account when installing the apparatus.
- 2. The enclosure may be made of aluminum alloy and given a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in Zone 0.

N1 ATEX Type n and Dust

Certificate BAS00ATEX3105X; Baseefa11ATEX0275X

Standards EN60079-0: 2012 + A11: 2013, EN60079-15: 2010,

EN60079-31: 2014

Markings Ex II 3 G Ex nA IIC T5 Gc (-40 °C \leq T_a \leq +70 °C); Ex II 1 D Ex

ta IIIC T95 °C $T_{500}105$ °C Da (-20 °C $\leq T_a \leq +85$ °C)

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

 This apparatus is not capable of withstanding the 500 V insulation test that is required by clause 6.8.1 of EN60079-15. This must be taken into account when installing the apparatus.

Some variants of the equipment have reduced markings on the nameplate. Refer to the Certificate for full equipment marking.

4.5 International

E7 IECEx Flameproof and Dust

Certificate: IECEx KEM 09.0034X; IECEx BAS 10.0034X

Standards: IEC60079-0:2011, IEC60079-1:2014-06,

IEC60079-26:2014-10, IEC60079-31:2013

Markings: Ex db IIC T6...T4 Ga/Gb T6(-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +70 °C), T4/T5(-

60 °C \leq T_a \leq +80 °C); Ex ta IIIC T95 °C $T_{500}105$ °C Da (–20

 $^{\circ}$ C \leq T_a \leq +85 $^{\circ}$ C)

Table 4-4: Process Temperature

Temperature class	Process temperature
Т6	−60 to +70 °C
T5	-60 to +80 °C
Т4	-60 to +80 °C

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. This device contains a thin wall diaphragm less than 1 mm thick that forms a boundary between EPL Ga (process connection) and EPL Gb (all other parts of the equipment). The model code and datasheet are to be consulted for details of the diaphragm material. During installation, maintenance, and use the environmental conditions to which the diaphragm will be subjected shall be taken into account. The manufacturer's instructions for installation and maintenance shall be followed in detail to assure safety during its expected lifetime.
- 2. Flameproof joints are not intended for repair.
- Non-standard paint options may cause risk from electrostatic discharge. Avoid installations that could cause electrostatic build-up on painted surfaces, and only clean the painted surfaces with a damp cloth. If paint is ordered through a special option code, contact the manufacturer for more information.

4. Some variants of the equipment have reduced markings on the nameplate. Refer to the Certificate for full equipment marking.

I7 IECEx Intrinsic Safety

Certificate: IECEx BAS 09.0076X

Standards: IEC60079-0:2011, IEC60079-11:2011

Markings: HART: Ex ia IIC T5/T4 Ga, T5(-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +40 °C), T4(-60

 $^{\circ}$ C \leq T_a \leq +70 $^{\circ}$ C) Fieldbus/PROFIBUS: Ex ia IIC T4(-60 $^{\circ}$ C

 \leq T_a \leq +60 °C)

Table 4-5: Input Parameter

Parameter	HART	Fieldbus/PROFIBUS
Voltage U _i	30 V	30 V
Current I _i	200 mA	300 mA
Power P _i	0.9 W	1.3 W
Capacitance C _i	0.012 μF	0 μF
Inductance L _i	0 mH	0 mH

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- If the apparatus is fitted with an optional 90 V transient suppressor, it is not capable of withstanding the 500 V insulation test required by clause 6.3.12 of IEC60079-11. This must be taken into account when installing the apparatus.
- 2. The enclosure may be made of aluminum alloy and given a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in Zone 0.

IECEx Mining (Special A0259)

Certificate: IECEx TSA 14.0001X

Standards: IEC60079-0:2011, IEC60079-11:2011

Markings: Ex ia I Ma ($-60 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_a \le +70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Table 4-6: Input Parameter

Parameter	HART	Fieldbus/PROFIBUS	FISCO
Voltage U _i	30 V	30 V	17.5 V
Current I _i	200 mA	300 mA	380 mA
Power P _i	0.9 W	1.3 W	5.32 W

Parameter	HART	Fieldbus/PROFIBUS	FISCO
Capacitance C _i	0.012 μF	0 μF	< 5 nF
Inductance L _i	0 mH	0 mH	< 10 µH

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. If the apparatus is fitted with optional 90 V transient suppressor, it is not capable of withstanding the 500 V insulation test required by IEC60079-11. This must be taken into account when installing the apparatus.
- 2. It is a condition of safe use that the above input parameters shall be taken into account during installation.
- 3. It is a condition of manufacture that only the apparatus fitted with housing, covers and sensor module housing made out of stainless steel are used in Group I applications.

IG IECEX FISCO

Certificate: IECEx BAS 09.0076X

Standards: IEC60079-0:2011, IEC60079-11:2011

Markings: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga ($-60 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_a \le +60 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

Table 4-7: Input Parameter

Parameter	Fieldbus/PROFIBUS
Voltage U _i	17.5 V
Current I _i	380 mA
Power P _i	5.32 W
Capacitance C _i	≤ 5 nF
Inductance L _i	≤ 10 µH

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. If the apparatus is fitted with an optional 90 V transient suppressor, it is not capable of withstanding the 500 V insulation test required by clause 6.3.12 of IEC 60079-11. This must be taken into account when installing the apparatus.

2. The enclosure may be made of aluminum alloy and given a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in Zone 0.

N7 IECEx Type n

Certificate: IECEx BAS 09.0077X

Standards: IEC60079-0:2011, IEC60079-15:2010

Markings: Ex nA IIC T5 Gc ($-40 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_a \le +70 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. The apparatus is not capable of withstanding the 500 V insulation test required by clause 6.5.1 of IEC 60079-15. This must be taken into account when installing the apparatus.

4.6 Brazil

E2 INMETRO Flameproof

Certificate: UL-BR 13.0643X

Standards: ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0:2013; ABNT NBR IEC

60079-1:2016; ABNT NBR IEC 60079-26:2016

Markings: Ex db IIC T6...T4 Ga/Gb, T6(-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +70 °C), T4/T5(-

 $60 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_a \le +80 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. This device contains a thin wall diaphragm less than 1 mm thickness that forms a boundary between zone 0 (process connection) and zone 1 (all other parts of the equipment). The model code and datasheet are to be consulted for details of the diaphragm material. Installation, maintenance and use shall take into account the environmental conditions to which the diaphragm will be subjected. The manufacturer's instructions for installation and maintenance shall be followed in detail to assure safety during its expected lifetime.
- 2. Flameproof joints are not intended for repair.
- Non-standard paint options may cause risk from electrostatic discharge. Avoid installations that could cause electrostatic build-up on painted surfaces, and only clean the painted surfaces with a damp cloth. If paint is ordered through a special option code, contact the manufacturer for more information.

I2 INMETRO Intrinsic Safety

Certificate: UL-BR 13.0584X

Standards: ABNT NBR IEC60079-0:2013, ABNT NBR

IEC60079-11:2013

Markings: HART: Ex ia IIC T5/T4 Ga, T5(-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +40 °C), T4(-60

 $^{\circ}$ C \leq T_a \leq +70 $^{\circ}$ C) Fieldbus/PROFIBUS: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (-60

 $^{\circ}$ C \leq T_a \leq +60 $^{\circ}$ C)

Table 4-8: Input Parameter

Parameter	HART	Fieldbus/PROFIBUS
Voltage U _i	30 V	30 V
Current I _i	200 mA	300 mA
Power P _i	0.9 W	1.3 W
Capacitance C _i	0.012 μF	0 μF
Inductance L _i	0 mH	0 mH

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. If the equipment is fitted with an optional 90 V transient suppressor, it is not capable of withstanding the 500 V insulation test required by ABNT NBR IRC 60079-11. This must be taken into account when installing the equipment.
- 2. The enclosure may be made of aluminum alloy and given protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if equipment requires EPL Ga.

IB INMETRO FISCO

Certificate: UL-BR 13.0584X

Standards: ABNT NBR IEC60079-0:2013, ABNT NBR

IEC60079-11:2013

Markings: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga ($-60 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_a \le +60 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Table 4-9: Input Parameter

Parameter	FISCO
Voltage U _i	17.5 V
Current I _i	380 mA
Power P _i	5.32 W

Table 4-9: Input Parameter (continued)

Parameter	FISCO
Capacitance C _i	≤ 5 nF
Inductance L _i	≤ 10 µH

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. If the equipment is fitted with an optional 90 V transient suppressor, it is not capable of withstanding the 500 V insulation test required by ABNT NBR IEC 60079-11. This must be taken into account when installing the equipment.
- 2. The enclosure may be made of aluminum alloy and given protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if equipment requires EPL Ga.

4.7 China

4.7.1 E3 China Flameproof

Certificate GYJ24.1006X [Transmitters]; GYJ20.1486X [Flow meters]

Standards GB/T 3836.1-2021, GB/T 3836.2-2021, GB/T

3836.20-2021, GB/T 3836.31-2021

Markings 3051 Series: Ex db IIC T6···T4 Ga/Gb, Ex ta IIIC T200

105 °C Da (-20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +85 °C)

3051CF Series: Ex d IIC T6~T4 Ga/Gb

一、产品安全使用特殊条件

证书编号后缀"X"表明产品具有安全使用特殊条件:涉及隔爆接合面的维 修须联系产品制造商。

- 1. 涉及隔爆接合面的维修须联系产品制造商。
- 2. 产品使用厚度小于 1mm 的隔膜作为 0 区(过程连接)和 1 区(产品其他部分)的隔离,安装和维护时需严格遵守制造商提供的说明书,以确保安全性。
- 3. 产品外部涂层可能产生静电危险,使用时须防止产生静电火花,只能用湿布清理。

二、产品使用注意事项

1. 用于爆炸性气体环境中,产品温度组别和使用环境温度之间的关系为: (变送器)

温度组别	使用环境温度	过程温度
T6	-60 °C ~ +70 °C	-60 °C ~ +70 °C
T5	-60 °C ~ +80 °C	-60 °C ~ +80 °C
T4	-60 °C ~ +80 °C	-60 °C ~ +120 °C

用于爆炸性气体环境中,产品温度组别和使用环境温度之间的关系为: (流量计)

温度组别	使用环境温度
Т6	-50 °C ~ +65 °C
T5	-50 °C ~ +80 °C

- 用于爆炸性粉尘环境中,产品使用环境温度为:-20°C≤Ta≤+ 85°C
- 3. 产品外壳设有接地端子,用户在使用时应可靠接地。
- 4. 安装现场应不存在对产品外壳有腐蚀作用的有害气体。
- 5. 现场安装时,电缆引入口须选用国家指定的防爆检验机构按检验认可、具有 Ex d II C, Ex tD A20 IP66 防爆等级的电缆引入装置或堵封件, 冗余电缆引入口须用堵封件有效密封。
- 6. 用于爆炸性气体环境中,现场安装、使用和维护必须严格遵守"断电后开盖!"的警告语。用于爆炸性粉尘环境中,现场安装、使用和维护必须严格遵守"爆炸性粉尘场所严禁开盖!"的警告语。
- 7. 用于爆炸性粉尘环境中,产品外壳表面需保持清洁,以防粉尘堆积,但严禁用压缩空气吹扫。
- 8. 用户不得自行更换该产品的零部件,应会同产品制造商共同解决运行中出现的故障,以杜绝损坏现象的发生。
- 9. 产品的安装、使用和维护应同时遵守产品使用说明书、GB3836.13-2013 "爆炸性环境 第 13 部分:设备的修理、检修、修复和改造"、GB/T3836.15-2017 "爆炸性环境 第 15 部分:电气装置的设计、选型和安装"、GB/T3836.16-2017 "爆炸性环境 第 16 部分:电气装置的检查与维护"、GB50257-2014 "电气装置安装工程爆炸和火灾危险环境电力装置施工及验收规范"和GB15577-2007 "粉尘防爆安全规程" GB12476.2-2010 "可燃性粉尘环境用电气设备 第 1 部分:用外壳和限制表面温度保护的电气设备 第 2 节电气设备的选择、安装和维护"的有关规定。

4.7.2 I3 China Intrinsic Safety

Certificate GYJ23.1139X; GYJ20.1488X [Flow meters]

Standards GB/T 3836.1-2021, GB/T 3836.4-2021, GB/T 3836.31-2021

Markings 3051 Series: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga, Ex ta IIIC T_{500} 105 °C Da 3051CF Series: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga, Ex ta IIIC T_{500} 105 °C Da

• 产品安全使用特殊条件:

证书编号后缀 "X"表明产品具有安全使用特殊条件:

- 1. 产品(选用铝合金外壳)外壳含有轻金属,用于 0 区时需注意 防止由于冲击或摩擦产生的点燃危险。
- 2. 当选择 T1 瞬态抑制端子时,此设备不能承受 GB3836.4-2010 标准中第 6.3.12 条规定的 500V 交流有效值试验电压的介电强度试验。
- 3. Transmitter output 为 X 时,需使用由厂家提供的型号为701PG 的 Smart Power Green Power Module 电池。
- 4. 产品外壳含有非金属部件,使用时须防止产生静电火花,只能 用湿布清理。

• 产品使用注意事项:

1. 产品使用环境温度范围:

气体/粉尘	Transmitter output	温度组别	环境温度范围
气体	A, M	T5	-60 °C ~ +40 °C
气体	A, M	T4	-60 °C ~ +70 °C
气体	F, W	T4	-60 °C ~ +60 °C
气体	Х	T4	-40 °C ~ +70 °C
粉尘	A, F, W	T80 °C	-20 °C ~ +40 °C

2. 本安电气参数:

Transmi	最高输入	最大输入	最大输入 功率 P _i (W)	最大内部等效参数	
tter output	电压 Ui (V)	电流 li (mA)		Ci (nF)	Li (μH)
A, M	30	200	0.9	12	0
F, W	30	300	1.3	0	0
F, W (FISCO)	17.5	380	5.32	5	10

注: Transmitter Output 为 F、W(FISCO)时,本安电气参数符合 GB3836.19-2010 对 FISCO 现场仪表的参数要求。

3. 该产品必须与已通过防爆认证的关联设备配套共同组成本安防爆系统方可使用于爆炸性气体环境。其系统接线必须同时遵守本产品和所配关联设备的使用说明书要求,接线端子不得接错。

- 4. 该产品与关联设备的连接电缆应为带绝缘护套的屏蔽电缆,其 屏蔽层应在安全场所接地。
- 5. 对于爆炸性粉尘环境,最大输入电压为:

Transmitter output	最高输入电压
А	55 V
F, W	40 V

- 6. 安装现场应不存在对产品外壳有腐蚀作用的有害气体。
- 7. 现场安装时,电缆引入口须选用国家指定的防爆检验机构按检验认可、具有 DIP A20 IP66 防爆等级的电缆引入装置、转接头或堵封件,冗余电缆引入口须用堵封件有效密封。
- 8. 对于爆炸性粉尘环境,现场安装、使用和维护必须严格遵守 "爆炸性粉尘场所严禁开盖!"的警告语。
- 9. 用户不得自行更换该产品的零部件,应会同产品制造商共同解决运行中出现的故障,以杜绝损坏现象的发生。
- 10. 安装现场确认无可燃性粉尘存在时方可维修。
- 11. 产品的安装、使用和维护应同时遵守产品使用说明书、GB3836.13-2013 "爆炸性环境 第 13 部分:设备的修理、检修、修复和改造"、GB3836.15-2000 "爆炸性气体环境用电气设备 第 15 部分:危险场所电气安装(煤矿除外)"、GB3836.16-2006 "爆炸性气体环境用电气设备 第 16 部分:电气装置的检查和维护(煤矿除外)"、GB3836.18-2010 "爆炸性环境 第 18 部分:本质安全系统"和 GB50257-2014 "电气装置安装工程爆炸和火灾危险环境电力装置施工及验收规范",GB50527-1996 "电气装置安装工程爆炸和火灾危险环境电气装置施工验收规范"以及 GB15577-2007 "粉尘防爆安全规程"、GB12476.2-2006 "可燃性粉尘环境用电气设备 第 1 部分:用外壳和限制表面温度保护的电气设备 第 2 节:电气设备的选择、安装和维护"的有关规定。

4.7.3 N3 China Type n

Certificate GY|20.1110X

Standards GB/T 3836.1-2021, GB/T 3836.3-2021

Markings Ex ec IIC T5 Gc

• 产品安全使用特殊条件

产品防爆合格证号后缀"X"代表产品安全使用有特殊条件:产品不能承受 GB3836.8-2003 标准第 8.1 条中规定的 500V 对地电压试验 1 分钟,安装时需考虑在内。

· 产品使用注意事项

1. 产品使用环境温度范围为: -40°C ≤ T_a ≤ +70°C

2. 最高输入电压:

Transmitter output	最高输入电压
A, M (3051 Enhanced and 3051 Low Power HART®)	55 Vdc
F, W	40 Vdc

- 3. 现场安装时,电缆引入口须选用经国家指定的防爆检验机构检验认可的、具有 Ex e 或 Ex n 型的电缆引入装置或堵封件,冗余电缆引入口须用堵封件有效密封。
- 4. 安装现场确认无可燃性气体存在时方可维修。
- 5. 用户不得自行更换该产品的零部件,应会同产品制造商共同解决运行中出现的故障,以杜绝损坏现象的发生。
- 6. 产品的安装、使用和维护应同时遵守产品使用说明书、GB3836.13-2013"爆炸性环境第13部分:设备的修理、检修、修复和改造"、GB3836.15-2000"爆炸性气体环境用电气设备第15部分:危险场所电气安装(煤矿除外)"、GB3836.16-2006"爆炸性气体环境用电气设备第16部分:电气装置的检查和维护(煤矿除外)"、GB50257-1996"电气装置安装工程爆炸和火灾危险环境电力装置施工及验收规范"的有关规定。

4.8 Japan

E4 Japan Flameproof

Certificate: TC20577, TC20578, TC20583, TC20584 [HART]; TC20579,

TC20580, TC20581, TC20582 [Fieldbus]

Markings: Ex d IIC T5

4.9 Republic of Korea

EP Republic of Korea Flameproof

Certificate: 11-KB4BO-0188X [Mfg Singapore], 19-KA4BO-079X [Mfg

USA]

Markings: Ex d IIC T6...T4 Ga/Gb

IP Republic of Korea Intrinsic Safety

Certificate: 13-KB4BO-0203X [HART - Mfg USA], 13-KB4BO-0204X

[Fieldbus – Mfg USA], 10-KB4BO-0138X [HART – Mfg Singapore], 13-KB4BO-0206X [Fieldbus – Mfg Singapore], 18-KA4BO-0354X [HART – Mfg USA], 18-

KA4BO-0355X [Fieldbus - Mfg USA]

Markings: Ex ia IIC T5/T4 (HART); Ex ia IIC T4 (Fieldbus)

4.10 Technical Regulations Customs Union (EAC)

EM EAC Flameproof

Markings: Ga/Gb Ex db IIC T4...T6 X, T4/T5(-60 °C ≤ T_a ≤ +80 °C), T6(-60 °C ≤ T_a ≤ +70 °C)

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

IM EAC Intrinsically Safe

Markings: HART: 0Ex ia IIC T4/T5 Ga X, T4(-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +70 °C), T5(-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +40 °C) Fieldbus/PROFIBUS: 0Ex ia IIC T4 Ga X (-60 °C \leq T_a \leq +60 °C)

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

4.11 Combinations

K2 Combination of E2 and I2

K5 Combination of E5 and I5

K6 Combination of C6, E8, and I1

K7 Combination of E7, I7, and N7

K8 Combination of E8, I1, and N1

KB Combination of E5, I5, and C6

KD Combination of E8, I1, E5, I5, and C6

KM Combination of EM and IM

KP Combination of EP and IP

4.12 Conduit plugs and adapters

IECEx Flameproof and Increased Safety

Certificate: IECEx FMG 13.0032X

Standards: IEC60079-0:2011, IEC60079-1:2007,

IEC60079-7:2006-2007

Markings: Ex de IIC Gb

ATEX Flameproof and Increased Safety

Certificate: FM13ATEX0076X

Standards: EN60079-0:2012, EN60079-1:2007, IEC60079-7:2007

Markings: Ex II 2 G Ex de IIC Gb

Table 4-10: Conduit Plug Thread Sizes

Thread	Identification mark
M20 x 1.5	M20
½-14 NPT	½ NPT

Table 4-11: Thread Adapter Thread Sizes

Male thread	Identification mark
M20 x1.5-6H	M20
½-14 NPT	1⁄2–14 NPT
34-14 NPT	¾-14 NPT
Female thread	Identification mark
M20 x 1.5-6H	M20
½-14 NPT	1⁄2–14 NPT
G½	G1/2

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. When the thread adapter or blanking plug is used with an enclosure in type of protection increased safety "e" the entry thread shall be suitably sealed in order to maintain the ingress protection rating (IP) of the enclosure.

- 2. The blanking plug shall not be used with an adapter.
- 3. Blanking Plug and Threaded Adapter shall be either NPT or Metric thread forms. G½ thread forms are only acceptable for existing (legacy) equipment installations.

4.13 Additional certifications

SBS Americaan Bureau of Shipping (ABS) Type Approval

Certificate: 09-HS446883A-5-PDA

Intended: Marine & Offshore Applications — Measurement of

either gauge or absolute pressure for liquid, gas, and

vapor.

SBV Bureau Veritas (BV) Type Approval

Certificate: 23155

Requirements: Bureau Veritas Rules for the Classification of Steel

Ships

Application: Class notations: AUT-UMS, AUT-CCS, AUT-PORT and

AUT-IMS; Pressure transmitter type 3051 cannot be

installed on diesel engines

SDN Det Norske Veritas (DNV) Type Approval

Certificate: TAA000004F

Intended Use: DNV GL Rules for Classification — Ships and offshore

units

Application:

Location classes	
Temperature	D
Humidity	В
Vibration	A
EMC	В
Enclosure	D

SLL Lloyds Register (LR) Type Approval

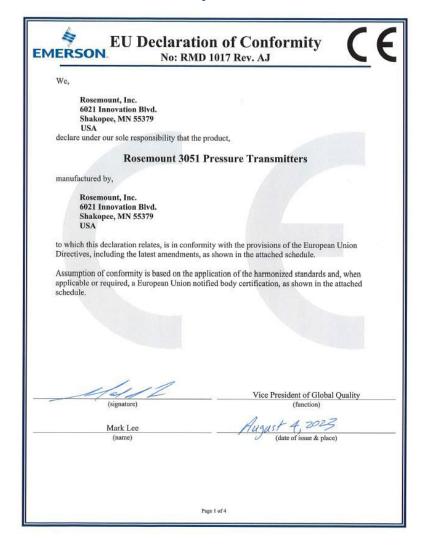
Certificate: 11/60002

Application: Environmental categories ENV1, ENV2, ENV3, and ENV5

C5 Custody Transfer - Measurement Canada Accuracy Approval

Certificate: AG-0226; AG-0454; AG-0477

4.14 Declaration of Conformity





EU Declaration of Conformity No: RMD 1017 Rev. AJ



EMC Directive (2014/30/EU)

Harmonized Standards: EN 61326-1:2013, EN 61326-2-3:2013

Radio Equipment Directive (RED) (2014/53/EU)

Harmonized Standards: EN 300 328 V2.2.2 EN 301 489-1 V2.2.0 EN 301 489-17 V3.2.4; 2020 EN 61010-1; 2010

EN 62311: 2020

PED Directive (2014/68/EU)

Rosemount 3051CA4; 3051CD2, 3, 4, 5; 3051HD2, 3, 4, 5; (also with P9 option)

QS Certificate of Assessment - Certificate No. 12698-2018-CE-USA-ACCREDIA Module H Conformity Assessment

Other Standards Used: ANSI/ISA61010-1:2004

All other Rosemount 3051 Pressure Transmitters

Sound Engineering Practice

Transmitter Attachments: Diaphragm Seal, Process Flange, or Manifold

Sound Engineering Practice

Rosemount 3051CFx DP Flowmeters

See DSI 1000 Declaration of Conformity

RoHS Directive (2011/65/EU)

Model 3051 Pressure Transmitters

Harmonized standard: EN IEC 63000:2018

Does not apply to the following options:

- Wireless output code X
- Low power output code M

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EU Declaration of Conformity No: RMD 1017 Rev. AJ



ATEX Directive (2014/34/EU)

BAS97ATEX1089X - Intrinsic Safety

Equipment Group II Category 1 G Ex ia IIC T5/T4 Ga Harmonized Standards Used: EN IEC 60079-0: 2018, EN 60079-11: 2012

BAS00ATEX3105X - Type n

Equipment Group II Category 3 G Ex nA IIC T5 Ge Harmonized Standards Used: EN IEC 60079-0: 2018, EN 60079-15: 2010

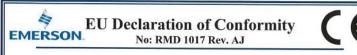
Baseefal1ATEX0275X - Dust

Equipment Group II Category 1 D Ex ta IIIC Tsoo 105 °C Da Harmonized Standards Used: EN IEC 60079-0: 2018, EN 60079-31: 2014

KEMA00ATEX2013X - Flameproof

Equipment Group II Category 1/2 G Ex db IIC T6...74 Ga/Gb Harmonized Standards Used: EN IEC 60079-0: 2018, EN 60079-1: 2014, EN 60079-26: 2015

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PED Notified Body

DNV GL Business Assurance Italia S.r.l. [Notified Body Number: 0496] Via Energy Park, 14, N-20871 Vimercate (MB), Italy

ATEX Notified Bodies

Finland

DEKRA [Notified Body Number: 0344] Utrechtseweg 310, 6812 AR Arnhem P.O. Box 5185, 6802 ED Arnhem The Netherlands Postbank 6794687

SGS FIMKO OY [Notified Body Number: 0598] Takomotie 8 FI-00380 Helsinki,

ATEX Notified Body for Quality Assurance

SGS FIMKO OY [Notified Body Number: 0598] Takomotie 8 FI-00380 Helsinki, Finland

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Figure 4-1: China ROHS

危害物质成分表 03031-9021, Rev AB 罗斯蒙特产品型号 3051 1/10/2020

含有China RoHS 管控物质超过量大浓度限值的部件型号列表 3051 List of 3051 Parts with China RoHS Concentration above MCVs

	有害物质 / Hazardous Substances					
部件名称 Part Name	船 Lead (Pb)	录 Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	大价格 Hexavalent Chromium (Cr +6)	多溴碳苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多漢 萊華醛 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)
电子组件 Electronics Assembly	х	0	0	0	0	0
壳体组件 Housing Assembly	0	0	0	0	0	0
传感器组件 Sensor Assembly	Х	0	0	0	0	0

本表格系依据SJ/T11364的規定而制作

This table is proposed in accordance with the provision of SJ/T11364.

X. 多为在该结件所使用的所有均质材料里,至少有一类均质材料中该有害物质的含量高于GBT 26572所模定的原量要求。 X. Indicate that said harardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement of GBT 26572.

部件名称 Part Name	组教备件说明 Spare Parts Descriptions for Assemblies
电子组件 Electronics Assembly	电子线路极组件 Electronic Board Assemblies 竭子映组件 Terminal Block Assemblies 升极套件 Upgrade Kits 液晶显示屏或本地操作界面 LCD or LOI Display
壳体组件 Housing Assembly	电子外壳 Electrical Housing
传感器组件 Sensor Assembly	传感器模块 Sensor Module

4.15 Y3 ATEX/IECEx RFID tag approvals

Certificate IECEx EPS 15.0042X, EPS 15 ATEX 1 1011 X

Markings II 2G Ex ia IIC T6/T4 Gb, II 2D Ex ia IIC T80/T130C

Db

Conditions of certification

Maximum operating temperature: -58 °F (-50 °C) to +158 °F (+70 °C)

The RFID tags shall never be exposed to high electromagnetic field strengths according to IEC 60079-14.

Electrostatic charges shall be avoided. The tags shall never be used next to strong charge generating processes.

O. 建为谅해件的所有均原材料中该有者物质的含量均低于GB/T 26572所規定的原量要求. O. Indicate that said hazardous substance in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement of GB/T 26572.

A WARNING

Additional warnings

The plastic enclosure may present a potential electrostatic ignition hazard.

RFID tag has limitations in ambient temperature and zone installation areas (Zones 1 & 21) as compared to the gauge.



Quick Start Guide 00825-0200-4774, Rev. DC November 2024

For more information: Emerson.com/global

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