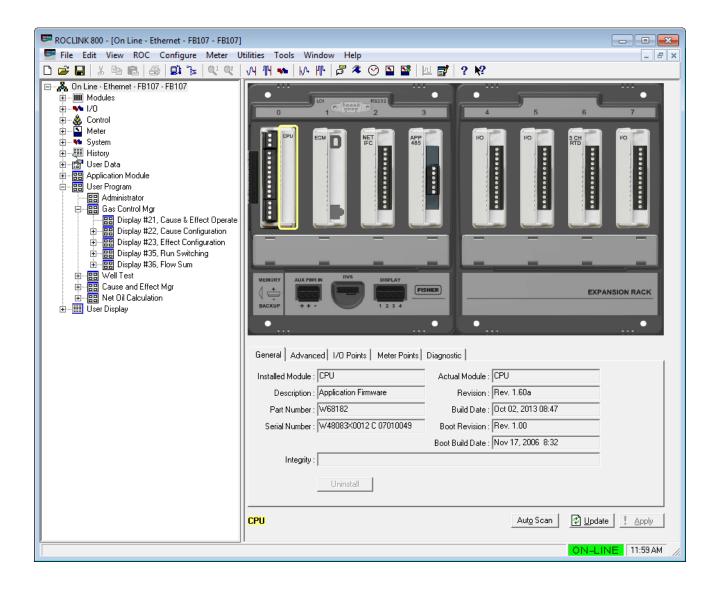
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Gas Control Manager Program User Manual (for FloBoss[™] 107)





Remote Automation Solutions

Revision Tracking Sheet

August 2016

This manual may be revised periodically to incorporate new or updated information. The revision date of each page appears at the bottom of the page opposite the page number. A change in revision date to any page also changes the date of the manual that appears on the front cover. Listed below is the revision date of each page (if applicable):

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Chapter 1 – Introduction

🛆 Caution

When implementing control using this product, observe best industry practices as suggested by applicable and appropriate environmental, health, and safety organizations. While this product can be used as A safety component in a system, it is NOT intended or designed to be the ONLY safety mechanism in that system.

This chapter describes the structure of this manual and presents an overview and installation instructions of the Gas Control Manager Program for the FloBoss[™] 107 (FB107).

1.1. Scope and Organization

This document is the user manual for the Gas Control Manager Program for use in the FB107.

This manual describes how to download and configure this program (referred to as the "Gas Control Manager Program" or "the program" throughout the rest of this manual). You access and configure this program using ROCLINKTM 800 Configuration Software (version 2.20 or greater) loaded on a personal computer (PC) running Windows XP (with Service Pack 3), Windows VistaTM (32-bit), Windows 7 (32-bit and 64-bit), or Windows 8 (32-bit and 64-bit).

The sections in this manual provide information in a sequence appropriate for first-time users. Once you become familiar with the procedures and the software running in a FB107, the manual becomes a reference tool.

This manual has the following major sections:

- Chapter 1 Introduction
- Chapter 2 Installation
- Chapter 3 Configuration
- Chapter 4 Reference

This manual assumes that you are familiar with the FB107 and its configuration. For more information, refer to the following manuals:

- FloBoss 107 Flow Manager Instruction Manual (D301232X012)
- ROCLINK 800 Configuration Software User Manual (for FB107) (D301249X012)

1.2. Product Overview

The Gas Control Manager Program has two major components: *EFM Applications* and *Cause and Effect*. This manual describes both components, as well as an additional feature, *Flow Summation*.

1.2.1. EFM Applications

The Gas Control Manager program enables you to configure the FB107 to perform common gas measurement (EFM) functions, including station emergency shutdown, output of a 4-20 mA signal proportional to an input or calculation, reset total meter accumulators for volume/energy, and run switching. Normally, you would have to write a series FSTs to accomplish these tasks; the program simplified the management of these and other EFM-related tasks.

1.2.2. Cause and Effect

The program supports 16 causes and 8 effects, enabling you to perform logical operations without writing FSTs. Typically, a cause monitors a selected point that the program logically evaluates against a setpoint you define. Any tripped cause linked to an effect forces the action defined in that effect. The design of the configuration screens enables you to configure this logic using a Cause & Effect matrix. In many cases you can input the effects and causes line by line through the entire matrix. Each cause configuration screen and effect configuration screen applies to a tag line in your Cause & Effect matrix.

1.2.3. Flow Summation

An additional feature of the Gas Control Management program is the ability to sum station values, totalizing any selected meter runs into flow or volume results for station 1 or 2. You can then place volume and energy results into softpoint tables or access those values directly through their TLPs. Resettable total station accumulators are available according to the totalization selections as well for station 1 or 2.

Station Total Accumulators for volume and energy accumulate selected meter runs as totalized amount until you manually reset the accumulators. The point parameters used accumulate to a huge number, and (for all practical purposes) will never reach a roll-over point.

1.3. Program Requirements

You download the Gas Control Manager Program to the Flash and RAM memory on the FB107 with firmware version 1.60 (or greater). Download and configure the program using ROCLINK 800 Configuration software version 2.20 (or greater).

The downloadable program is:

File Name	Target Unit/	User Defined	Flash Used	DRAM Used	ROCLINK 800	Display
	Version	Points (UDP)	(in bytes)	(in bytes)	Version	Number
GasControlMgr_ v305_02_1.bin	FB107 1.60	22, 23, 35, 36	40260	16384	2.20	21, 22, 23, 35, 36

Note: You must connect a PC to the FloBoss's LOI port **before** starting the download.

For information on viewing the memory allocation of user programs, refer to the *ROCLINK 800 Configuration Software User Manual (for FB107)* (D301249X012).

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Chapter 2 – Installation

This section provides instructions for installing the Gas Control Manager Program into the FB107. Read *Section 1.3* of this manual for program requirements.

Note: The program and license key can be installed in any order. The manual shows the installation of the license key first.

2.1. Installing the License Key

A license key is required to use the Gas Control Manager Program. To install a USB key-based license on the FB107:

- 1. Insert the USB license key in a USB port on your PC.
- Select Utilities > License Key Administrator > Transfer Between Device and Key from the ROCLINK 800 menu bar. The Transfer Licenses Between a Device and a Key screen displays.

ransfer Licenses Between a DEVICE and a KEY								
Application Name	Vendor Name	ADD C	ode Versi	ion Quantity	License Source	Expirat	ion	Time Created
1 FB107 DS800	BAS	31529			Kev	NoEx		09/18/2008 02:02:43 PM
2 Read Only Port	RAS	31529	1.00.	.0 1	Temporary	07/30/	2012 11:59:59 PM	05/30/2012 01:34:46 PM
3 NOC FB107	RAS	31529	1.00.	.0 1	Key	NoEx	piration	10/09/2012 09:07:41 AI
4 LineGuard 2300	RAS	31529	1.00.	.0 1	Temporary	11/30/	2012 11:59:59 PM	11/13/2012 08:38:42 AI
5 Cause and Effect	VPCCO	1	1.00.	.0 1	Key	NoExp	piration	05/23/2013 11:51:06 AI
Licenses on KEY	Connect to KE		Vendor	Move to D		Version	Add Licens	se Remove
1 10/29/2013 09:22:26				ID Vendor Nam RAS		Version 1.0.0	No Expiration	Quantity
License Key Event Log		_				Serial	Number : 2057841	8
Time Stamp	Action	User ID V	endor ID	Application Nam	e Previous Q	uantity Ne	w Quantity	
1 10/29/2013 09:22:27	ADD		1529	GAS CONTROL		0	1	
2 04/24/2013 18:36:22	REMOVE	LOI 3	1529	GC Interface		1	0	
3 04/24/2013 16:34:03	ADD		1529	GC Interface		0	1	
4 11/16/2012 10:10:00	KEY SERI	FRO 0				0	0	
5 11/16/2012 10:09:59	KEY FORI	FRO 0				0	0	
6 01/01/1970 00:00:00	NONE	0				0	0	
7 01/01/1970 00:00:00	NONE	0				0	0	
8 01/01/1970 00:00:00	NONE	0				0	0	
Export Events								Close

Figure 1. Transfer Licenses Between a Device and a Key

Note: This screen has three sections. The upper portion (Licenses on Device) shows any software licenses installed on the FB107. The middle portion (Licenses on Key) shows software licenses on the license key. The lower portion of the screen (License Key Event Log) provides a rolling log of the last eight events related to this license key.

- **3.** Select the key-based license you want to transfer to the FB107 (Read Only Port, as shown in *Figure 1*).
- **4.** Click **Move to Device**. ROCLINK moves one instance of the license from the key to the FB107 and updates the screen.

	nses on DEVICE							
		Vendor Name		Code Vers		License Source	Expiration	Time Created
	FB107 DS800	RAS	31529		.0 1	Key	No Expiration	09/18/2008 02:02:43 Pt
_	Read Only Port	RAS	31529			Temporary	07/30/2012 11:59:59 PM	
3	NOC FB107	RAS	31529	9 1.00	.0 1	Key	No Expiration	10/09/2012 09:07:41 At
4	LineGuard 2300	RAS	31529	9 1.00	.0 1	Temporary	11/30/2012 11:59:59 PM	1 11/13/2012 08:38:42 Al
		VPCCO	1	1.00	.0 1	Key	No Expiration	05/23/2013 11:51:06 Al
6	GAS CONTROL MGF	RAS	1	1.00	.0 1	Key	No Expiration	10/29/2013 09:22:26 Al
	nses on KEY — Time Created	Applicatio	n Name	Vendor	ID Vendor Name	App Code V	ersion Expiration	Quantity
		Applicatio	on Name	Vendor	ID Vendor Name	App Code V	ersion Expiration	Quantity
Ľ		Applicatic	on Name	Vendor	ID Vendor Name	e App Code V	ersion Expiration Serial Number : 205784	
ice	Time Created	Action	User ID 1	Vendor	ID Vendor Name			
ice	Time Created nse Key Event Log	Action	User ID 1			e Previous Qu	Serial Number : 205784	
ice	Time Created nse Key Event Log Time Stamp	Action REMOVE	User ID LOI	Vendor ID	Application Nam	e Previous Qu MGF	Serial Number : 205784 antity New Quantity	
ice	Time Created nse Key Event Log Time Stamp 11/04/2013 13:18:58	Action REMOVE ADD	User ID LOI ADM	Vendor ID 31529	Application Nam GAS CONTROL	e Previous Qu MGF	Serial Number : 205784 antity New Quantity 1 0	
ice	Time Created nse Key Event Log Time Stamp 11/04/2013 13:18:58 10/29/2013 09:22:27	Action REMOVE ADD REMOVE ADD	User ID LOI ADM LOI ADM ADM	Vendor ID 31529 31529	Application Nam GAS CONTROL GAS CONTROL	e Previous Qu MGF	Serial Number : 205784 antity New Quantity 1 0 0 1	
ice 1 2 3	Time Created nse Key Event Log Time Stamp 10/29/2013 13:18:58 10/29/2013 19:22:27 04/24/2013 18:36:22	Action REMOVE ADD REMOVE	User ID LOI ADM LOI ADM ADM	Vendor ID 31529 31529 31529 31529	Application Nam GAS CONTROL GAS CONTROL GAS CONTROL	e Previous Qu MGF	Serial Number : 205784 antity New Quantity 1 0 0 1 1 0	
ice 1 2 3 4 5	Time Created nse Key Event Log Time Stamp 11/04/2013 13:18:58 10/29/2013 09:22:27 04/24/2013 18:36:22 04/24/2013 18:36:22	Action REMOVE ADD REMOVE ADD	User ID LOI 3 ADM 3 LOI 3 ADM 3 FRO 1	Vendor ID 31529 31529 31529 31529 31529	Application Nam GAS CONTROL GAS CONTROL GAS CONTROL	e Previous Qu MGF	Serial Number : 205784 antity New Quantity 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1	
ice 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Time Created nse Key Event Log Time Stamp 11/04/2013 13:18:58 10/29/2013 09:22:27 04/24/2013 18:34:03 11/16/2012 10:10:00	Action REMOVE ADD REMOVE ADD KEY SERI	User ID 1 LOI 2 LOI 2 LOI 2 ADM 2 ADM 2 FRO 1 FRO 1	Vendor ID 31529 31529 31529 31529 31529 0	Application Nam GAS CONTROL GAS CONTROL GAS CONTROL	e Previous Qu MGF	Serial Number : 205784 antity New Quantity 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0	

Figure 2. License Installed

- **Note:** An FB107 can hold up to six different licenses, although you can install only one instance of each license on the FB107. When you click **Move to Device**, ROCLINK 800 moves only one instance of the license onto the FB107 and automatically decreases the license quantity on the USB key by one.
- **5.** Verify the license name displays in the Licenses on Device section of the screen. Proceed to *Section 2.2* to download the user program.

2.2. Downloading the Program

This section provides instructions for installing the user program into FloBoss memory.

Note: Connect a PC to the FloBoss's LOI port **before** starting the download.

To download the user program:

- 1. Start and logon to ROCLINK 800.
- 2. Select **ROC** > **Direct Connect** to connect to the FloBoss unit.

3. Select **Utilities** > **User Program Administrator** from the ROCLINK menu bar. The User Program Administrator screen displays (see *Figure 3*):

User Program Administrator			? 💌
User Programs Installed in Device 1 - No Program 2 - No Program 3 - No Program 4 - No Program 5 - No Program 6 - No Program 7 - No Program	Name : No Program Version : Created : CRC : Entry Pt :	Library Version : DRAM Used : FLASH Used :	0
Clear Start Stop	Displays : Status : Empty		Browse
Name : Version : Created : CRC : Size :		Download & Start	Download
		🗘 Update	Close

Figure 3. User Program Administrator

- **4.** Click **Browse** in the Download User Program File frame. The Select User Program File screen displays (see *Figure 4*).
- **5.** Select the path and user program file to download from the CD-ROM. (Program files are typically located in the Program Files folder on the CD-ROM). As *Figure 4* shows, the screen lists all valid user program files with the .BIN extension:

Select User Program File	
G V Viser Program	- 4 Search User Program
Organize • New folder	81 · 🔟 😡
GasControlMgr_y305_02_1.bin Downloads Desktop Recent Places Dibraries Documents Music Dictures Videos Computer Cons_CO	
File name: GasControlMgr_v305_02_1.bin	User Programs (*.bin)
	Open 🔽 Cancel

Figure 4. Select User Program File

6. Click **Open** to select the program file. The User Program Administrator screen displays. As shown in , note that the Download User Program File frame identifies the selected program and that the **Download & Start** button is active:

	User Program Administrator		? 💌
	User Programs Installed in Device		
	1 - No Program 2 - No Program 3 - No Program 4 - No Program 5 - No Program 6 - No Program 7 - No Program	Name : No Program Version : Created : CRC : Entry Pt :	Library Version : DRAM Used : 0 FLASH Used : 0
	Clear Start Stop	Displays : Status : Empty	
	Download User Program File		
	D:\Program Files\GasControlMgr_	_v305_02_1.bin	(Browse)
_	Name : Gas Control Mgr Version : 3.05.02 Created: 4/12/2016 3:43:15 PM CRC : 0xF253 Size : 40260		Download & Start Download
			Digital Close

Figure 5. User Program Administrator

7. Click **Download & Start** to begin loading the selected program. The following message displays:

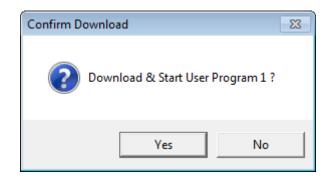


Figure 6. Confirm Download

Note: For the FB107, ROCLINK 800 assigns program positions based on memory allocations.

8. Click **Yes** to begin the download. During the download, the program performs a warm start, creates an event in the event log, and—when the download completes—displays the following message:

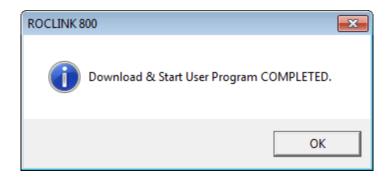


Figure 7. ROCLINK 800 Download Confirmation

- **9.** Click **OK**. The User Program Administrator screen displays (see *Figure 8*). Note that:
 - The User Programs Installed in Device frame identifies the loaded program.
 - The Status field indicates that the program is running.

ſ	User Program Administrator			? X
	User Programs Installed in Device			
	I - Gas Control Mgr No Program 3 - No Program 4 - No Program 5 - No Program 6 - No Program 7 - No Program Clear Start	Name : Gas Control Mgr Version : 3.05.02 Created : 04/12/2016 15:43 CRC : 0xF253 Entry Pt : 0x5A0000 Displays : 21, 22, 23, 35, 36	FLASH Used :	16384
		Status : Running		
	Download User Program File D:\Program Files\GasControlMgr Name : Gas Control Mgr Version : 3.05.02 Created : 4/12/2016 3:43:15 PM CRC : 0xF253			Browse
	Size : 40260			Close

Figure 8. User Program Administrator

- **10.** Click **Close** and proceed to *Chapter 3* to configure the program.
 - **Note:** Installing a user program without a license key allows you only to view the program screens (that is, the program outputs no data). Installing the license key enables the program to read from the meter **and** output data.

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Chapter 3 – Configuration

After you download and start the Gas Control Manager Program, configure the program using ROCLINK 800 software. To do this, use the program-specific Gas Control Manager Program screen.

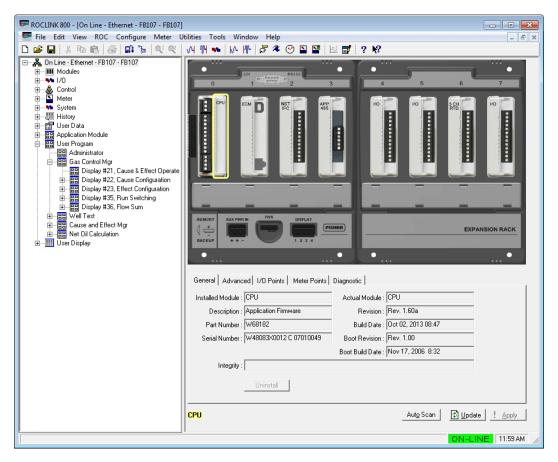


Figure 9. ROCLINK 800

3.1. EFM Applications

Once you have successfully loaded the Gas Control Manager program into the FloBoss, you can access the Gas Control Manager screens. To start the EFM Applications:

- **1.** Double-click an FB107 device or click the **Direct Connect** icon in the toolbar.
- 2. The device window opens. Select User Program > Gas Control Mgr in the ROCLINK configuration tree.
- 3. Double-click Display #35, Run Switching.
- **4.** You will see a display for each station. Double-click a station to see the *Run Switching* window for that station.

File Edit View ROC Configur File Edit View ROC Configur Point Number : Station Run Switch Run Switch Operate Propose Station Station Tag: Station Tag: Station ESD ESD TLP: Undefined ESD Status: 0	s QL QL N III ↔ N III B A O II I	
Configuration Ist Tube Tag: Run1 Input PV: Undefined Open D0: Undefined Close D0: Undefined Close D0: Undefined Close D1: Undefined Hi SwitchPt: 200.0 ✓ Leave Open After Opening Next Tube	2nd Tube 3d Tube Tag: Run2 Tag: Run3 Enabled PV=00 Input PV: Undefined Open D0: Undefined Open D1: Undefined Open D1: Undefined Close D1: Undefined Close D1: Undefined Lo SwitchPt: 10.0 Hi SwitchPt: 200.0 Hi SwitchPt: 200.0 If Leave Open After Opening Next Tube Ise Open After	
Copyright 2000-2010, All Rights Reserved b	<u>Print</u> <u>Save As</u> Aut <u>o</u> Scan	

Figure 10. Run Switch tab – Run Switching screen

The *Run Switch* tab is divided into two main sections: *Station Configuration* and *Tube Configuration*:

- **Station Configuration**. Use this section to configure global settings that affect all tubes in the station. Two run switching stations are available.
- **Tube Configuration**. Use this section to configure switching for up to four runs. You define your input and output points, set high and low points, and choose when to open and close runs.

3.1.1. Run Switching – Run Switch Tab: Station Settings

Use this section to configure global settings that affect all tubes in the station. Two run switching stations are available.

Station Station Tag: Station2	Status Runs Open: 0 0 0 0	Delays Spike Delay (Sec): 500 Settling Delay (Sec): 3000	Action On Failure Type: None Action: Status Only	Switch Mode Monitor All Passed SwitchPts
Station ESD ESD TLP: 0, 0, 0 ESD SetPt: 0) Status: OK To Run	Focus Run Verification Disable PV Cutoff Value: 3.0	Failure Delay (Sec): 30 0 Solenoid Mode Single Solenoid Latch	Monitor Last Opened SwitchPts

Figure 11. Station settings of the Run Switch tab

Field	Description
Station Tag	Use this field to name your station. The default value is Station1.
Status	The first number reflects the total number of runs (flow tubes) that the program believes is currently open. The next four fields show the status of each of the four tubes. The values are 1 (open) or 0 (closed). The blue box frames the tube that is in focus or control.
Status Message	Provides information for the following run switching conditions:
Display	0 = Status OK
	1 = Station ESD
	2 = PV Type Not Selected
	3 = Invalid Open DO Type
	4 = Invalid Open DO Param
	5 = Invalid Close DO Type
	6 = Invalid Close DO Param
	7 = Invalid Open DI Type
	8 = Invalid Open DI Param
	9 = Invalid Close DI Type
	10 = Invalid Close DI Param
	11 = Illegal Flow Tube 1
	12 = Illegal Flow Tube 2
	13 = Illegal Flow Tube 3
	14 = Illegal Flow Tube 4
	15 = Illegal DI Tube 1
	16 = Illegal DI Tube 2
	17 = Illegal DI Tube 3
	18 = Illegal DI Tube 4
Delays	Use the Spike and Settling delays to set how long the system waits before taking action.

Field	Description		
Spike Delay	Sets, in seconds, a delay time. The program examines this field whenever a run's Input TLP value goes above or below its high or low set point. The condition must remain in effect for the number of seconds specified in this field before any run-switching executes. The delay provides a filter for the process variables. The Spike Delay time is also used when switching down to a lower tube that has been closed or up from a lower tube that will be closed (this happens when "Leave Open After Opening Next Tube" is unchecked). Before the program closes that tube, it must see flow (a PV value greater than the PV Cutoff Value) for the tube just opened, for the amount of time specified in the Spike Delay. Maximum value is 255 seconds.		
Settling Delay	Sets, in seconds, a delay time. This delay goes into effect immediately after a run switches. During the delay, the new focus run remains in focus, so no comparisons occur for any more possible switching. This allows process conditions to stabilize after the previous change before any more decisions are made. Maximum value is 255 seconds.		
Switch Mode	Indicates how t	he tubes are monitored.	
	Monitor All Monitors all passed switch points. example, if all four tubes had been opened, choosing this option caus the system to monitor the switch p in all four tubes.		
	Monitor Last Opened	Monitors only the switch point that was last activated. For example, if all four tubes had been opened, choosing this option causes the system to monitor the switch points in tube 4 only.	
Solenoid Mode	Selects a method for controlling the run switchin activations. The selected mode applies to all va impacts status messages that notify whether re selections for digital outputs and digital inputs h made. Valid values are:		
	Single Solenoid Latch	The Open DO selection is defined for each valve used which opens and closes the valve by energizing or de- energizing a solenoid. The Open and Close DI selections can be defined and monitored to verify valve travel if needed.	

Field	Description			
	Dual Solenoid Latch	The Open DO selection defines the output signal to open the valve. The program will hold this state until a signal to close is issued. The Close DO selection will define the output signal to close the valve. One or the other solenoids will always be on. The Open and Close DI selections can be defined and monitored to verify valve travel if needed.		
	Dual Solenoid Latch with DI Reset	In this mode the outputs behave as a Dual Solenoid Latch, but the solenoid resets or releases after the valve travels and the valve DI limit switches detect that valve position.		
	Dual Solenoid Momentary	In this mode, selections are made for an open and close DO that turn on momentarily while the valve travels and then turn off. The FloBoss Point I/O Time On setting for that DO determines the duration of the momentary pulse. The Open and Close DI selections can be defined and monitored to verify valve travel if needed.		
Focus Run Verification	Verifies the focus (control) tube by continually monitoring the verification method of each enabled tube. The highest number tube that is verified to be flowing is set as the focus tube. This feedback causes the proper DO state to be asserted to establish proper focus. Valid values are:			
	Disable	No Run Verification		
	PV Flow Sensing	Compares Input PV to the PV Cutoff Value to determine whether a flow condition exists for that tube. The highest number tube that is flowing becomes the focus tube.		
	DI State	Examines the state of the digital inputs for each tube to determine the focus tube. The highest number tube with its digital inputs indicating "valve open" becomes the focus tube. If these DI points are "Undefined," this evaluation is not made.		
PV Cutoff Value	Defines a threshold for a valid flow sensing condition using the low flow cutoff value. The program also uses this value to establish a valid flow for the Action On Failure mode Illegal PV Flow.			

Field	Description						
Station ESD	Configures the Emergency Shutdown feature. If you leave this field "Undefined" the ESD is not activated. This feature can also be used for routine station shut-in. When tripped, an ESD closes all run switching valves to provide positive shut-in. A Set condition is logged to the alarm log. The program restores the run switching function when the ESD condition clears, and sends a Clear condition to the alarm log.						
ESD TLP	Defines the TLP t shutdown.	he program monitors for emergency					
Action On Failure	Verifies tube flowing conditions or DI states relative to the focus tube depending on the selected Failure Type. Various actions are possible based on the selection. No evaluations are made until after the Failure Delay counter to allow run switching to stabilize before applying any actions are applied. Valid values are:						
	Type:Disables any failure evaluation.None						
	Type: Illegal PV FlowEvaluates valid tube flow by using the PV Cutoff Value in the Focus Run Verification section, which determines if a tube is actually open or closed.Type: Illegal DI StateUses digital input states to determine if a tube is actually open or closed.						
	Action: Status Only	Generates a status message code to indicate a Failure condition.					
	Action: Alarm Log	Sends a Failure condition to the alarm log that contains the status message code number.					
	Action: Disable Tube & Alarm Log Disable Tube & Alarm Log Disables the tube where the Failure condition is identified and logs that tube as OFF in the alarm log. If this tube was not the last tube enabled, run switching skips the disabled tube and uses the next tube for control.						
Failure Delay (Sec)		ures are performed after the Settling ilure Delay setting in seconds. s 255 seconds.					

- **2.** Click **Apply** to save your changes.
- **3.** Proceed to *Section 3.1.2, Run Switching Run Switch Tab:* Tube Settings.

Focus Run Verification methods can be used to assure the run switching program's focus tube is what is actually happening. An example of this is a valve with momentary solenoids that do not change state when the output is pulsed. If this were to occur, the program would switch focus and lose sight of the actual valve states. This may be most useful for dual solenoids that do not hold their states such as Momentary or DI Reset modes.

An example of what happens in the event of a valve switch failure: Tube 3 has just pulsed to close because of low DP. Ordinarily tube 2 becomes the focus run. But as long as flow is still sensed in tube 3, it remains the focus run. After the settling time expires (default 30 seconds), if tube 3 still has low DP, the program will pulse to close tube 3 again and wait another settling period.

3.1.2. Run Switching – Run Switch Tab: Tube Settings

Use this section to configure switching for up to four runs. You define your input and output points, set high and low points, and choose when to open and close runs.

In the Run Switching section, you can configure switching for up to four runs, using various types of input and output points. The program supports both non-latching and latching (such as Versa® Valve or Magna-Latch) solenoids and has configurable high and low switch points, and the option of closing the previous run when opening another.

1st Tube Tag: Run1	2nd Tube	- 3rd Tube	ALC 7 1
Tag: Bun1		JIUTUDE	4th Tube
	Tag: Run2	Tag: Run3	Tag: Run4
▼ Enabled PV= 0.0	Enabled PV= 0.0	Enabled PV= 0.0	Enabled PV=00
Input PV: 0, 0, 0	Input PV: 0, 0, 0	Input PV: 0, 0, 0	Input PV: 0, 0, 0
Open DO: 0, 0, 0	Open DO: 0, 0, 0	Open DO: 0, 0, 0	Open DO: 0, 0, 0
Close DO: 0, 0, 0	Close DO: 0, 0, 0	Close DO: 0, 0, 0	Close DO: 0, 0, 0
Energize to Open	Energize to Open	🔽 Energize to Open	🔽 Energize to Open
Open DI: 0, 0, 0	Open DI: 0, 0, 0	Open DI: 0, 0, 0	Open DI: 0, 0, 0
Close DI: 0, 0, 0	Close DI: 0, 0, 0	Close DI: 0, 0, 0	Close DI: 0, 0, 0
	Lo SwitchPt: 10.0	Lo SwitchPt: 10.0	Lo SwitchPt: 10.0
Hi SwitchPt: 200.0	Hi SwitchPt: 200.0	Hi SwitchPt: 200.0	
Leave Open After Opening Next Tube	I Leave Open After Opening Next Tube	C Leave Open After Opening Next Tube	

Figure 12. Station settings of the Run Switch tab

Notice that the Run 1 configuration has no Lo SwitchPt field. This is because the Lo SwitchPt field triggers a run to be closed and closing Run 1 would result in no flow at the station. Conversely, notice that the Run 4 configuration has no Hi SwitchPt or Leave Open fields. This is because there is no Run 5 to be opened after Run 4.

Field	Description					
Tag	A 10-character field that identifies the meters that makes up the run-switching scheme. This tag is useful for documentation purposes (screen prints, etc.).					
Enabled	Select this checkbox to enable a run for the run- switching scheme. You must enable at least two runs in order to do run-switching. If only one of the four runs is enabled, no action is done. The left-most run (Run 1) is the primary run (open during lowest/all flow conditions). The focus starts on the left and moves to the right. Normally, at least Run 1 and Run 2 would be enabled to do run-switching with two meters. However, the program allows you to skip runs (taken out of service) so the run-switching functionality is stil valid even with Run 1 disabled (as long as you have enabled two or more other runs).					
Input PV TLP	Specifies the points in the FB107 that are defined as variable inputs to the run-switching function. For orifice measurement, these are typically differential pressures (DPs) which are the "Meter Input" parameter used in flow calculations. For linear measurement, actual uncorrected flow is typically selected. If you leave this field "Undefined" the program displays a PV Type Not Selected status message. The field shown as PV displays the current value of the selected Input PV.					
Open DO TLP	Specifies the points in the FB107 that are wired to the valve solenoids. These should be digital output points They can be wired to either non-latching solenoids (energized/de-energized) or latching solenoids (such as Versa Valves or Magna-Latches). All enabled tubes must use an Open DO with the exception of the base tube (the first enabled tube), which is optional. I the base tube has no actuated switching valve, the DO will be "Undefined".					
Close DO TLP	Specifies the points in the FB107 that are wired to the valve solenoids. These are the digital output points. They can be wired to either non-latching solenoids (energized/de-energized) or latching solenoids (such as Versa Valves or Magna-Latches). If the single solenoid mode is selected (such that a single solenoi both opens and closes the valve), or the base tube has no actuated switching valve, then the Close DO TLP is unused, and is left "Undefined". For more information about open and close DO, refer					
F uencies (-	to Section 3.1.6. About Open and Close DO.					
Energize to Open	Energizes the Open DO to open the valve and open the run. If this box is not selected, the program turns off the Open DO to open the valve.					

Field	Description
Open DI TLP	Selects the Open DI from available points on the FB107. The TLP automatically uses the STATUS parameter regardless of what parameter is selected. This selection is mandatory only for the Solenoid Mode Dual Solenoid Latch – DI Reset. Otherwise the point can be used for monitoring purposes or left as "Undefined" if the valve has no limit switches.
Close DI TLP	Selects the Close DI from available points on the FB107. The TLP automatically uses the STATUS parameter regardless of what parameter is selected. This selection is mandatory only for the Solenoid Mode Dual Solenoid Latch – DI Reset. Otherwise the point can be used for monitoring purposes or left as "Undefined" if the valve has no limit switches.
Lo Switch Pt	 Indicates the low value that the program compares to the value of the Input TLP for each run. In the runswitching function the right-most (furthest to the right) run open is the focus run. When the value of the focus run's "Input TLP" is less than or equal to its low set point for a certain amount of time (spike delay), the run closes. When using "Monitor All Passed SwitchPts," if any of the runs is below its low set point, the focus run closes and focus shifts to the next enabled run to the left. Note: The units of this field are actual Engineering Units (not percentages).
Hi Switch Pt	 Indicates the high value that the program compares to the value of the Input TLP for each run. In the runswitching function the right-most (furthest to the right) run open is the focus run. When the value of the focus run's "Input TLP" is greater than or equal to its high set point for a certain amount of time (spike delay), the next enabled run to the right opens. When using "Monitor All Passed SwitchPts," if any of the runs is above its high set point, the next enabled run to the right of focus opens and focus shifts to that run. Notice that Run4 has no "Hi Switch Pt" field as there is no openable run to its right (all available runs are already open). Note: The units of this field are actual Engineering Units (not percentages).
Leave Open After Opening Next Tube	Select this checkbox if, during expansion, each run remains open when focus shifts to the next enabled run to the right. If you do not select this checkbox, each run opens only when it is the focus run (there is only one run open at all times). When a run loses focus it remains open while monitoring the new focus run (to either the left or right). When flow is detected on the new focus run (Input TLP value is greater than one, for the spike delay time), the previous focus closes.

2. Click **Apply** to save your changes.

3. Proceed to Section 3.1.3, Run Switching – Run Switch Operate Tab.

3.1.3. Run Switching – Run Switch Operate Tab

Use this tab to view information about the stations.

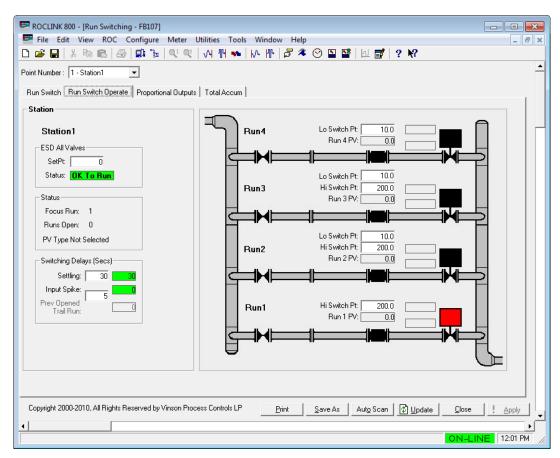


Figure 13. Run Switching screen – Run Switch Operate tab

Field	Description
ESD SetPt	Establishes the set point which triggers the ESD. When the setpoint matches the TLP defined, an ESD occurs, shutting all available runs configured in Run Switching.
ESD Status	Provides information for the run switching conditions. The code number is available in Run Switching parameter 81.
Status	This read-only section shows the status of the <i>Focus Run</i> and <i>Runs Open</i> .
Settling	Sets Settling Run Switch Delay. Values are shown in seconds.
Input Spike	Sets Spike Delay for all inputs. Values are shown in seconds.

Field	Description
Prev Opened Trail Run	Indicates the setting time (in seconds) that both valves are open during the transition period between tubes. This feature applies only if you have disabled the Leave Open After Opening Next Tube option on the Run Switch tab.
Lo Switch Pt	Indicates the low value that the program compares to the value of the Input TLP for each run. Note: The units of this field are actual Engineering Units (not percentages).
Hi Switch Pt	Indicates the high value that the program compares to the value of the Input TLP for each run. Note: The units of this field are actual Engineering Units (not percentages).

- **2.** Click **Apply** to save your changes.
- **3.** Proceed to Section 3.1.4, Run Switching Proportional Output Tab.

3.1.4. Run Switching – Proportional Output Tab

Eight proportional outputs are available that send selected inputs points to analog outputs. Station 1 contains the 1^{st} to 4^{th} Output, while Station 2 contains the 5^{th} to 8^{th} output.

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	Configure Meter Utilities Tools		- 8
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Point Number : 1 - Station1	•		
Run Switch Run Switch Operate	Proportional Outputs Total Accum		1
1st Output	2nd Output	- 3rd Output	4th Output
Tag: PropOut1	Tag: PropOut2	Tag: PropOut3	Tag: PropOut4
Input TLP: Undefined	Input TLP: Undefined	Input TLP: Undefined	Input TLP: Undefined
A0 Value: 0.0	A0 Value: 0.0	AD Value: 0.0	A0 Value: 0.0
A0 TLP: Undefined	A0 TLP: Undefined	AO TLP: Undefined	A0 TLP: Undefined
Copyright 2000-2010, All Rights R	eserved by Vinson Process Controls LP	Print Save As Auto Scar	n 😰 Update 🛛 Close 🕴 Apply
			•
			ON-LINE 12:01 PM

Figure 14. Run Switching screen – Proportional Outputs tab

Field	Description
Тад	Use this field to name your output.
Input TLP	Selects the Input from available points on the ROC.
AO Value	Shows the AO Value for the selected Output.
AO TLP	Selects the AO from available points on the ROC.

- 2. Click Apply to save your changes.
- **3.** Proceed to Section 3.1.5, Run Switching Total Accum Tab.

3.1.5. Run Switching – Total Accum Tab

The program provides four sets of resettable total accumulators for each meter's volume and energy. Unlike the total accumulator points in the base FB107 (that roll over at a value of 1,000,000), this accumulator is based on a huge data type that practically never rolls over unless manually reset. All resets log to the event log. A station level reset from the Flow Sum section reset these meter level accumulators that are associated with that station.

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Poin	Number : 1 - Station1									1
Ru	n Switch Run Switch Operate Proportion	al Outpul	its Total Accum							
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	Energy(MMBTU): 0		Energy(MMBTU):		0					
	Reset		Res	et						
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1									▶ 2:46 AM	
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Figure 15. Run Switching screen – Total Accum tab

	-
Field	Description
Volume (MCF)	This read-only field shows the Run Total Volume Accum for the selected meter.
Energy (MMBTU)	This read-only field shows the Run Total Volume Energy for the selected meter.
Reset	Click to reset the value of the selected meter.

1. Review the values in the following fields:

- **2.** Click **Apply** to save your changes.
- 3. Proceed to Section 3.1.6, About Open and Close DO.

3.1.6. About Open and Close DO

The selected Solenoid Mode determines the DO parameter, so correct selection of Status or Mode is not important. For testing purposes without any physical I/O, FST MISC 1 to 4 Parameters are legitimate selections.

When using the Solenoid Mode Dual Solenoid Momentary, you configure the pulse DO Time On delay in seconds using the ROCLINK I/O Discrete Output screen's General tab:

Discrete Output
Discrete Outputs : 1 • DO 2 Slot0
General Advanced Alarms
Point Number : A12 Time On : 1
Auto Output Manual Output Momentary Physical Output C On ● Off C On ● Off C On ● Off C On ● Off
DOUT Type Canning Mode Alarming
Latched C Toggle Auto C Manual C Enabled
C Time Duration C TDO Toggle C Disabled © Disabled
Active Alarms : 0
🗈 Copy 🗈 Paste 🛛 Auto Scan 🔯 Update 🗹 OK 🗶 Cancel ! Apply

Figure 16. Discrete Output window

3.2. Cause and Effect

Before you begin configuring causes and effects, a little planning is helpful. You may have up to eight effects triggered by one or more of the sixteen causes. For this reason, it is best to plan your effects first, and then decide what triggers those effects.

You may wish to use a chart such as the one pictured below as a handy way to organize your information. The effects are located across the top of the table in columns, and the causes are listed down the left side of the table for easy reference:

Tag	5	_		╡		_			· ·
	1 ISD -1 001	114-1901		:	1	ESDV-1901	ESDV-1902	ESDV-1903	ESDV-1904
)	X	<		Х	0	0	0	0
EZSC-1905		-		-	Х				
EHS-1906)			-	Х	0	0	0	0
EHS-1907	(0 0) (D	0				
AAHH-1901)	XD	<)	X	Х				
AAHH-1902)	XD	-	-	Х				
AAH-1901)	×	Х				
E A A	EHS-1906 EHS-1907 AAHH-1901 AAHH-1902 AAH-1901	EZSC-1905 EHS-1906 EHS-1907 AAHH-1901 AAHH-1902 AAH-1901	EZSC-1905 () EHS-1906 (X) EHS-1907 () AAHH-1901 (X) AAHH-1902 (X) AAH-1901 ()	EZSC-1905 X X EHS-1906 X X X EHS-1907 O O O AAHH-1901 X X X AAHH-1902 X X X	EZSC-1905 X X EHS-1906 X X X EHS-1907 O O O AAHH-1901 X X X AAHH-1902 X X X	EZSC-1905 X X X EHS-1906 X X X X EHS-1907 O O O O AAHH-1901 X X X X AAHH-1902 X X X X AAH-1901 X X X X	EZSC-1905 X X X X X E E E S X X X O O O O O O O O O O O O O O A A X X O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O A A X X X A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	EZSC-1905 X X X X E EHS-1906 X X X X 0 0 EHS-1907 O O O 0 0 0 AAHH-1901 X X X X X X AAHH-1902 X X X X X	EZSC-1905 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q

Figure 17. Cause and Effect sample matrix

Appendix A provides a full sample matrix. Use the sample or make your own design.

To start the Cause and Effect Program:

- 1. Double-click a FB107 or click the **Direct Connect** icon in the toolbar.
- 2. The device window opens. Click User Program > Gas Control Mgr in the ROCLINK configuration tree.
- 3. Double-click **Display #23, Effect Configuration**.
- **4.** A display appears for each effect point. Double-click an effect point to see the *Effect Configuration* window for that station.

Each effect represents a particular action that occurs when the causes that are linked to it are tripped or cleared. The Value When Active is the value the program applies to the selected PtDef when the effect is active (1 =

Yes). The Value When Inactive is the value that the program applies to the selected PtDef when the effect is not active (0 = No). The output state is written either one time only or continuously based on the Assert Effect Continuously selection. Writing one time to the output can be useful for operations such as setting a discrete output momentary parameter for a resettable output.

The Effect Configuration screen displays for the effect you have chosen. The screen has three main sections:

- Effect Configuration. Use this area to name your effect, define the point and define the active and inactive states that will be applied.
- **Effect Usage**. Use this area to define an effect to be a normal output or hardware/software input reset point.
- Effect Status. This area is informational.

3.2.1. Effect Configuration Settings

Use this screen to configure the Effect Configuration settings..

With ROCLINK 800 - [Effect Configuration - FB107]		
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Point Number : 1 - Effect 1		<u> </u>
Effect Configuration	Effect Status (1=Yes;0=No)	
Tag Name: Effect 1	Effect Is Active: 0	_
PtDef: Undefined	Active Link Tattletale	
Tag: <none> CurValue: 0.0</none>	1st Trip = Cause # 0 Tag: <none></none>	
Value When Active: 1.0	2nd Trip = Cause # 0 Tag: <none></none>	
Value When Inactive: 0.0 Value When	3rd Trip = Cause # 0 Tag: <none></none>	
Inactive	4th Trip = Cause # 0 Tag: <none></none>	
Assert Effect Continuously		
Effect Usage Normal (Not used as a reset) Hard-Wired Reset (DI Point) Software Reset Reset Code: (Match Cause Codes For Reset Linkage) Copyright 2000-2010, All Rights Reserved by Vinson F	Current Active Link Count: 0	
Print	Save As Auto Scan	Close Apply
		ON-LINE 12:03 PM

Figure 18. Effects Configuration screen

Field	Description
Effect Tag	Use this field to name your effect with up to 10 characters. The default value is Effect 1 .

Field	Description			
Enable Effect	Select this checkbox to process the effect. If you leave this checkbox blank, the program ignores the effect, even when a cause should activate it (that is, one or more causes that list the effect are true).			
PtDef	Indicates the co	ntrolled FB107 data point (TLP).		
Tag and CurValue		nt name "PtDef" field whenever the d by one or more true causes.		
Value When Active	the TLP defined	ed (or dynamic) value that is sent to in the "PtDef" field whenever the effect ne or more true causes.		
Value When Inactive	The user-specified (or dynamic) value that is sent to the TLP defined in the Effect PtDef field whenever the effect is un-activated as a result of no true cause. If the <i>Force Value When Inactive</i> is unchecked, the TLP defined in the Effect PtDef field is not controlled when the effect is un-activated.			
Force Value When Inactive	Writes the value in the Value When Inactive field to the TLP defined in the PtDef field whenever the effect is un-activated (that is, none of the causes that list the effect are true).			
		checkbox blank, the program does not to the PtDef field when the effect is		
Assert Effect Continuously	Select this checkbox to have the program continuously write active or inactive values to the PtDef TLP. This may be desirable to assure that the output is re- asserted to the expected state (for example, when a DO point is taken out of manual mode).			
	If you leave this checkbox blank, the program sets the state one time. This may be useful for a DO point in momentary mode which resets itself.			
Effect Usage	points are monit	be defined as reset points. Reset ored by causes that require a reset rom the tripped condition.		
	Normal (Not used as a reset)	Select if the effect is handled like any other normal effect (this is the default).		
	Hard-Wired Reset (DI Point)	Select if the effect is handled as a reset point requiring a manual action, such as pressing a reset pushbutton.		
	Software Reset	Select if the effect is handled as a reset point that can be reset through a variable. This variable could then be assigned to the LCD display or set by SCADA. The program automatically reset the field back to the Inactive Value. The program now allows the selection of other data types besides unsigned integer (UINT8).		

Field	Description
Reset Code	Defines a code that, if matched to a Cause Reset Code, reset those causes when the program detects a software or hard-wired reset point.
Effect Status	Shows whether the effect has been tripped (activated).
Active Link Tattletale	Shows the first four causes that currently hold this effect active, and the order in which they occurred.
Current Active Link Count	Shows how many causes currently activate this effect.

- **2.** Click **Apply** to save your changes.
- 3. Proceed to Section 3.2.2, Cause Configuration Settings.

A reset point is normally a digital input point, such as a status point. For example, you may have the "PtDef" configured to be a DI status and the "Actuated Value" would be the value of the digital input when the reset button is pushed. All causes that require resets ("Require Reset?" Is checked) would examine this effect (reset effect) for the activated value. Causes reset when program detects the activated value.

3.2.2. Cause Configuration Settings

To access the Cause Configuration window:

- 1. Double-click a FB107 or click the **Direct Connect** icon in the toolbar.
- **2.** The device window opens. Click **User Program** > **Gas Control Mgr** in the ROCLINK configuration tree.
- 3. Double-click Display #22, Cause Configuration.
- **4.** A display for each cause point appears. Double-click a cause point to see the *Cause Configuration* window for that station.

Image: Configuration - FB107] Image: File Edit View ROC Configure Meter Utilities Tools Window Help Image: Configure Configure Meter Utilities Tools Window Help Image: Configure Configure Configure Meter Utilities Tools Window Help Image: Configure Configure Configure Meter Utilities Tools Window Help Image: Configure Configure Configure Meter Utilities Image: Configure Configure Configure Meter Utilities Image: Configure Configure Configure Meter Utilities Image: Configure Configur	
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	- <u>_</u>
Point Number : 1 - Cause 1	<u> </u>
General Cause Configuration Secondary's Relationship with Primary Effect Assig Tag Name: [Cause 1 Image: Cause Enabled AND with Primary OR with Primary Simple Compound Image: Pre-Condition Required # of Link 1: [1] Cause Execution Pre-Condition Required Image: Pre-Condition Required # of Link 2: [2] Pre-Condition Met Soft Pt 1 0.0 Image: Pre-Condition Set Pt PtDef: SFP 1, DATA3 Delay Secs: Preset: 30 Elaps Secs: 0 PtDef: SFP 1, DATA3 PtDef: SFP 1, DATA2 Image: Soft Pt 1 Cur Value: 0.0 Operator Operator Operator Finany Logic Section	# of Link 5: 0 # of Link 6: 0 # of Link 7: 0 # of Link 8: 0 urrently Active: 0
C <=	<u> </u>
Copyright 2000-2010, All Rights Reserved by Vinson Process Controls LP	n 🕑 Update Close ! Apply

Figure 19. Cause Configuration screen

The Cause Configuration window has seven main sections:

- General Cause Configuration. Use this section to assign a name to your cause, define it as simple or compound, indicate the requirement for a pre- condition, and enable the cause.
- **Cause Execution Pre-Condition**. This section displays **only** if you select **Pre-Condition Required** in the General Cause Configuration section. Use this section to define the pre-condition.
- **Primary Logic Section**. Use this section to define the primary logic of your cause.
- Secondary Logic Section. This section displays only if you select Compound in the General Cause Configuration section. Use this section to define the secondary logic of your cause.
- Effect Assignments. Use this section to link your cause to one or more effects.
- Misc Parameters. Use this section to write logs or alerts, or to have this cause require a reset.
- **Cause Status**. This informational section shows the status of the cause. Red indicates tripped, and green indicates not tripped.

Causes can be configured to perform multiple functions, including true/false logical comparisons, math functions, copying data, state

changes, and watchdog timer. Causes can be linked to eight effects, which will activate when the cause comparison is true.

Field	Description	
General Cause Configuration	Cause Tag	A 10- character field for the tag from the cause & effect matrix or a user-selected tag.
	Cause Enabled	Processes the cause. Leave the checkbox blank to ignore the cause.
		Note : Ensure all portions of the cause screen are correctly configured before enabling the cause.
	Simple/ Compound	Choose Simple if you want to use one logic section in this cause. Choose Compound to use two logic sections, primary and secondary.
	Secondary's Relationship	Sets the relationship between the primary and secondary logic sections.
	with Primary	Note : This section displays only if you chose Compound for this cause. The relationship can be "AND" or "OR".
	Pre-Condition Required	Select this checkbox to activate this cause only when the pre-condition has been met. The Cause Execution Pre- Condition section displays when you select this option.
Cause Execution Pre-Condition	Pre-Condition Met	When the pre-condition goes true, this box is checked.
	PtDef	Indicates the data point (TLP) value used as a pre-condition. If the set point is not reached for this TLP, this cause does not activate.
	Operators	Choose how you want the value of this point to be evaluated – equal (==), greater than or equal to (>=), not equal (!=), or less than or equal to (<=).
	SetPt	Identifies the point at which the cause is activated.
	Delay Secs. Preset	Identifies how long the program waits after the condition is met before activating the cause.
Primary Logic Section"Primary" refers to the fact that this field is in "Part 1" of two possible comparisons for each cause.		

Field	Description	
	PtDef	The data point (TLP) value that displays in the Cur Value field. This item can be any numerical point including values from other causes. Click the "" button to the right of the field to browse through the list of available parameters. You must configure this field for all cause function types.
	Tag	The name given to the soft point in the soft point configuration screen. Note: The system reads the tag when you configure the point definition. If you change the tag after it has been read, you will not see the updated tag name until you reconfigure the point definition. To force an update, set the PtDef to "Undefined" then reset it to the desired point. The tag name will then be read and updated. If a particular point type selected does not have a tag as the first parameter, this field may not display properly.
	Cur Value	Displays the current value of the ROC point (TLP) specified in the "PtDef" field.
	Operator	Specifies the function (operator) of the cause. The possible functions are shown in <i>Table 1</i> .
	SetPt Def	The ROC data point (TLP) that becomes a dynamic source of the set point value ("SetPt Value" field). When this field is left "Undefined," you may enter a static value in the "SetPt Val" field.
	SetPt Value	Holds the value that is used for comparisons and math functions. This field is not used for the One-Scan or Watchdog Timer functions. If the "SetPt Def" field is configured (other than "Undefined"), this field gets its value from the TLP specified in "SetPt Def".
	Deadband or Math Result	This field serves three purposes. When using comparison operators (>=, <=, ==, !=), it specifies a Deadband value that must be exceeded before an existing true comparison can go false. For math functions (Add, Subtract, Multiply, Divide), this field holds the result of the math operation. For the Copy Data function, this field defines how many fields or parameters to copy. Deadband is not used with One- Scan or Watchdog Timer functions.
Trip Delay	Preset Secs	The number of user-defined seconds for which the comparison must be true before the cause goes true.

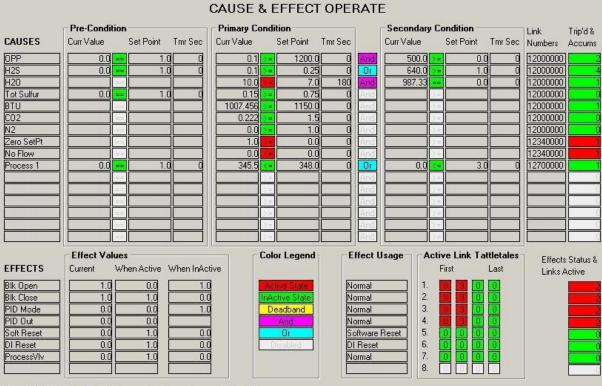
Field	Description	
	Elapsed Secs	Displays the delay count in seconds up to the user-defined preset. When the comparison becomes true, the count (seconds) increments until it reaches the "Preset Secs" and the cause becomes true. If at anytime the comparison turns false, the count resets to zero and the cause becomes false.
	Timer Timing	This field's value is 1 or 0. It serves as an indication that the timer has been activated.
Secondary Logic Section	The Secondary Logic section has the same fields and logic as the Primary Logic section.	
Effect Assignments	labels indicate The Link fields or more effect you wanted th would enter 4 effects can be	links to the effects for this cause. The link there are 8 possible links that can be used. will be the 1 to 8 number referenced to one swhere 0 indicates no link. For example, If e first effect activated to be effect #4, you in the "# of Link 1" field. Any number of listed here, from zero to eight. If all eight o zero (defaults), no effects are connected to
	# Links Currently Active	This shows the number of effects that are currently tripped for this cause.
Misc Parameters	Log Trips	Determines if an alarm generated by the cause will be written to the ROC's alarm log. If this field is checked, every time the cause goes true an alarm will be logged. The log consists of the cause's 10- character tag and the value of "Cur Value" along with the date and time.
	Log Clears	Determines whether an entry will be written to the ROC's alarm log when this cause is cleared. If this field is checked, every time the cause is cleared an entry will be logged. The log consists of the cause's 10-character tag and the value of "Cur Value" along with the date and time. Note: Log entries that begin with a "Z" as the first digit are cause entries. Alarms not generated by Cause & Effect are not prefixed with a Z.
	Require Reset?	Check this box if the logic requires that a reset button needs to be pushed before the cause is set back to false. A reset can be a hardware or software reset. For example: when the cause goes true, it actuates effects that cause a shutdown, and it is desired that the shutdown be maintained until a reset is done.

Field	Description	
	Reset Code	A numeric value that must be associated with the Effect Reset Code that will provide the reset through a DI point or software point.
	Minimum Trip Secs. Preset	Holds the trip state for a minimum time so a short duration trip can be detected.
	Elaps Trip Secs	Shows how long the cause has been tripped. This is also the counter for the Minimum Trip Secs Preset
	Accumulated Trips	Shows how many times the cause has been tripped.
Cause Status	Pre-Condition Met	Shows whether the Pre-Condition section has been tripped (1 for Yes, 0 for No).
	Primary Section Tripped	Shows whether the Primary section has been tripped (1 for Yes, 0 for No).
	Secondary Section Tripped	Shows whether the Secondary section has been tripped (1 for Yes, 0 for No).
	Cause Tripped	Shows whether the cause has been tripped (1 for Yes, 0 for No). If this is a compound cause and the relationship between primary and secondary was set to AND, the cause will only be tripped if both the Primary Section and Secondary Sections are tripped.

- 2. Click Apply to save your changes.
- **3.** Proceed to Section 3.2.3, Cause and Effect Operate Display.

3.2.3. Cause and Effect Operate Display

The Cause & Effect Operate display is a read-only summary screen showing all conditions, statistics and linkages for the 16 causes and 8 effects. Red indicates an active or tripped state where green indicates an inactive or normal state.



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Figure 20. Cause and Effect Operate Display screen

3.2.4. Configuration Examples

The possible functions are shown in the table below. All comparisons are between "Cur Value" and "SetPt Value."

Function	Function Description
>=	True If (compare) Greater Than (or equal to)
<=	True If (compare) Less Than (or equal to)
==	True If (compare) Equal To
!=	True If (compare) Not Equal To
One-Scan Rising	One-Scan Rising (Cur Value, 0 to 1 transition = true)
One-Scan Falling	One-Scan Falling (Cur Value, 1 to 0 transition = true)
Watchdog Timer	Watchdog Timer (resets on changing value of Cur Value)
Copy Data	Copies from Cur Value to SetPt Value (see full explanation
Add	Addition, Cur Value plus SetPt Value
Subtract	Subtraction, CurValue minus SetPt Value
Multiply	Multiplication, Cur Value times SetPt Value
Divide	Division, Cur Value divided by SetPt Value
Modulus	Modulus. Remainder of Integers: Cur Value / SetPt Value

Primary Logic S PtDef: AIN A3, EU	Contraction of the second s
C <= C One- C == C Wate	Cur Value: 831.0 Scan Rising C Add Scan Falling C Subtract chdog Timer C Multiply Data C Divide Modulus
SetPt Def: Undefin SetPt Value: 800.0 Deadband or Math	

Figure 21. Operator area in the Primary Logic Section

The following examples show how to do configurations with each of the available functions (operators). These examples do not show compound logic (AND, OR) or examples utilizing enablers.

Greater Than The cause goes true when the value at "Cur Value" is greater than or equal to the value at "SetPt Val".

Value: 831.0 ng C Add ng C Subtract er C Multiply
ng 🖸 Subtract
ng 🖸 Subtract
ng 😳 Subtract er 🔿 Multiply
er i Multipiv
C Divide
C Modulus
i

Figure 22. Greater Than Operator example

This cause is true because "Cur Value" (831) is greater than "SetPt Val" (800).

Note: Because of the deadband of 50, the cause will remain true until the value of analog input A3 falls below 750.

Less Than The cause goes true when the value at "Cur Value" is less than or equal
 (< =) to the value at "SetPt Value".</pre>

PtDef: AIN A3, Et]
Tag: RTD	Cur Value: 375.0
🤨 <= 🔿 One	Scan Rising C Add Scan Falling C Subtract chdog Timer C Multiply y Data C Divide Modulus
SetPt Def: Undef	ined
SetPt Value: 385.	

Figure 23. Less Than Operator example

This cause is true because "Cur Value" (375) is less than or equal to "SetPt Value" (385).

Note: "SetPt Value" is a dynamic value coming from analog input A3.

Equals The cause goes true when the value at "Cur Value" is equal to the

(==) value at "SetPt Value".

Primary Logic Section PtDef: DIN A9, STATUS]
Tag: DI 1 Slot0 Cur Va	ilue: 0.0
Operator C >= C One-Scan Rising C <= C One-Scan Falling • == C Watchdog Timer • != C Copy Data	C Add C Subtract C Multiply C Divide C Modulus
SetPt Def: Undefined	
SetPt Value: 0.0	
Deadband or Math Result: 0.0	

Figure 24. Equals Operator example

This cause is true because digital input A9 is zero.

Note: Even when the level switch (A9) goes to normal (1) the cause remains true until someone pushes the reset button if "Reset Required?" is checked.

Not Equal The cause goes true when the value at "Cur Value" is not equal to the (!=) value at "SetPt Value".

Primary Logic Section			
PtDef: DIN 5-1, STATUS			
Tag: DI Default Cur Value: 0.0			
- Operator			
C >= C One-Scan Rising C Add C <= C One-Scan Falling C Subtract C == C Watchdog Timer C Multiply C != C Copy Data C Divide C Modulus			
SetPt Def: Undefined			
SetPt Value: 1.0			
Deadband or Math Result: 0.0			

Figure 25. Not Equal Operator example

This cause is true because the statue of digital input A9 (0) does not equal the set point value (1).

One-Scan Rising The cause goes true when the value at "Cur Value" changes from zero to one. The cause will be true for one scan (1 second) only.

Tag: Cause 1	Cur Va	ue: 0.0
6≝ 6	One-Scan Rising One-Scan Falling Watchdog Timer Copy Data	C Add C Subtract C Multiply C Divide C Modulus
SetPt Def: 🗍 SetPt Value:]

Figure 26. One-Scan Rising Operator example

The input to this cause is the status of cause #1 (true/false). When cause #1 goes true, this cause will go true for one second. The effect for this cause might be the mode of a digital output (versa valve or momentary solenoid).

Inputs for this function should be limited to Boolean types because only a zero to one transition will cause a trip.

One-Scan Falling The cause goes true when the value at "Cur Value" changes from one to zero. The cause will be true for one scan (1 sec) only.

Primary Logic Section PtDef: UDP221, CZTRUE	1
	alue: 0.0
Operator C >= C One-Scan Rising C <= © One-Scan Falling C == C Watchdog Timer C != C Copy Data	C Add C Subtract C Multiply C Divide C Modulus
SetPt Def: Undefined SetPt Value: 0.0	
Deadband or Math Result: 0.0	

Figure 27. One-Scan Falling Operator example

The input to this cause is the status of cause #1 (true/false). When cause #1 goes false, this cause will go true for one second. Effect #2 might be the mode of a digital output (versa valve or momentary solenoid).

Inputs for this function should be limited to Boolean types because only a one to zero transition will cause a trip.

Watchdog Timer The cause goes true when the value at "Cur Value" does not change within the time span defined at "True Delay sec". This is an example using the comm. port Valid Receive Counter to detect when communication stops:

PtDef: SFP 1, DATA	
Tag: Soft Pt 1	Cur Value: 1053.0
Operator C >= C One-So C <= C One-So C == • Watch C != C Copy D	can Rising C Add can Falling C Subtract dog Timer C Multiply ata C Divide Modulus
SetPt Def: Undefine	d
SetPt Value: 1053.0	
Deadband or Math R	esult: 0.0

Figure 28. Watchdog Timer Operator example

The value (1053) is from the valid receipt-counter of a remote ROC. It is stored in Soft Point #1 - Data #1.

The intent here is to alarm if there is no valid Modbus communication for a 2-minute period. The effect this cause triggers might be a remote alarm dialer channel. **Copy Data** The cause copies from Cur Value to SetPt Value. The numeric value in the "Deadband" field tells the system what type of copy to make and how much data to copy.

This is an example how to copy Orifice meter run parameters to Softpoint data points.

Primary Logic Section PtDef: ORFV 1, FLOWDY		
Tag: Soft Pt 01 Cur Value: 0.0		
C >= C One-Scan Rising C Add C <= C One-Scan Falling C Subtract C == C Watchdog Timer C Multiply C != C Copy Data C Divide C Modulus		
SetPt Def: SFP 1, DATA1		
SetPt Value: 0.0		
Deadband or Math Result: 116.0		

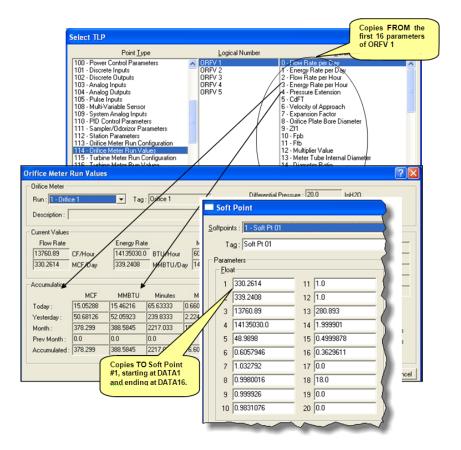


Figure 29. Copy Data Operator example

The 1XX value in the Deadband/Result field commands that the copy is from incremental parameters to incremental parameters, and is configured to copy 16 parameters (by parameter to parameter) starting from Orifice Meter Run values #1, parameter 0 (flow rate per day). The 16 copied items land in soft point #1, starting at DATA1 and ending at DATA16.

The Copy Data function copies data from "PtDef" to "SetPt Def." There are four different types of copies – by logicals, by parameters, logicals to parameters, parameters to logicals. The numeric value in the "Deadband" field tells the system what type of copy to make and how much data to copy:

Tahle	2	Types	of	Conies
Iunie	4.	1 ypes	v_j	Copies

Number	Сору Туре	Description
XX	Logicals	Source data located in a Logical order will be copied to the Target data location in a Logical order.
1XX	Parameters	Source data located in a Parameter order will be copied to the Target data location in a Parameter order.
2XX	Logicals to Parameters	Source data located in a Logical order will be copied to the Target data location in a Parameter order.
3XX	Parameters to Logicals	Source data located in a Parameter order will be copied to the Target data location in a Logical order.

Example: 105 in the Deadband field means copy parameters 0 through 4 to parameters 1 through 5 on another TLP.

Add The sum of "Cur Value" and "SetPt Value" is placed in the "Deadband/Result" register. If the SetPt Def is undefined, the value entered in SetPt Value will be added as a constant. The cause status is always zero.

Primary Logic Section PtDef: ERN 1, FLOTDY	1
Tag: Meter #1 Cur Va	alue: 91.41501
Operator	1000
C >= C One-Scan Rising C <= C One-Scan Falling C == C Watchdog Timer C I= C Copy Data	Add Subtract Multiply Divide Modulus
SetPt Def: Undefined]
SetPt Value: 100.0	
Deadband or Math Result: 191	.415

Figure 30. Add Operator example

Note: No effects are used with math operations.

Subtract The difference of "Cur Value" and "SetPt Value" is placed in the "Deadband/Result" register. The cause status is always zero.

PtDef: SFP 3, DATA1	
Tag:Soft Pt 3 Cur V	alue: 52.5
Operator C >= C One-Scan Rising C <= C One-Scan Falling C == C Watchdog Timer C I= C Copy Data	C Add Subtract C Multiply C Divide C Modulus
SetPt Def: Undefined	
SetPt Value: 12.0	

Figure 31. Subtract Operator example

Note: No effects are used with math operations.

Mutiply The product of "Cur Value" and "SetPt Value" is placed in the "Deadband/Result" register. The cause status is always zero.

Primary Logic Section	
PtDef: SFP 3, DATA2	
Tag: Soft Pt 3 Cur Va	ilue: 67.43
C >= C One-Scan Rising C <= C One-Scan Falling C == C Watchdog Timer C != C Copy Data	C Add C Subtract C Multiply C Divide C Modulus
SetPt Def: Undefined	
SetPt Value: 2.0	
Deadband or Math Result: 134.	86

Figure 32. Multiply Operator example

Note: No effects are used with math operations.

Divide The quotient of "Cur Value" divided by "SetPt Value" is placed in the "Deadband/Result" register. The cause status is always zero.

Primary Logic Sec PtDef: UDP221, DB	
Tag: Cause 1 Operator C >= C One-So C <= C One-So C == C Watcho C I= C Copy D	Cur Value: 17262.08 an Rising C Add an Falling C Subtract dog Timer C Multiply
SetPt Def: Undefined SetPt Value: 1000.0 Deadband or Math Re	

Figure 33. Divide Operator example

The quotient of "Cur Value" divided by "SetPt Value" is placed in the "Deadband/Result" register. The cause status is always zero.

Modulus The remainder of the integer division of "Cur Value" divided by "SetPt Value" is placed in the "Deadband/Result" register. The cause status is always zero. This is an example how to create 5-second execution from ROC clock seconds:

Primary Logic Se PtDef: CLK 1, SECC	
	Cur Value: 15.0 can Rising C Add can Falling C Subtract dog Timer C Multiply Data C Divide Modulus
SetPt Def: Undefine SetPt Value: 5.0 Deadband or Math P	

Figure 34. Modulus Operator example

The seconds from the ROC clock are divided by five. Every five seconds the modulus (remainder) is zero. Another cause can look at this cause's result field for a zero as part of condition for taking action. In this way a 5second execution clock is created.

3.3. Flow Summation

To start the Flow Summation Program:

- **1.** Double-click a ROC device or click the **Direct Connect** icon in the toolbar.
- The device window will open. Click User Program > Gas Control Mgr in the ROCLINK configuration tree.

- 3. Double-click **Display #36, Flow Sum**.
- **4.** You will see a display for each station. Double-click a station to see the *Flow Sum* window for that station.

3.3.1. Flow Sum

The Flow Sum fields are described below:

	INK 800 - [Flow S	um - FB107-2]			
			Jtilities Tools Window H	elp	_ 8 ×
			ヘ 👫 🕂 🖉 🖉 🕥 🖬		
Point Num	hber: 1-Station1	•			^
Station					
	Station ID: Sta	ation1			
Г	Enable				
S	station Contains				
Г	Meter #1				
Г	Meter #2				
Г	Meter #3				
Γ	Meter #4				
-S	station Sum Valu	es		Station Total Resetable Accums	
		Volume	Energy	Volume: 0 MCF	
	Inst Rate:	0.0 MCF/D	0.0 MMBTU/D	Energy: 0 MMBTU	
	Today:	0.0 MCF	0.0 MMBTU		
	Yesterday:	0.0 MCF	0.0 MMBTU	Reset	
	This Month:	0.0 MCF	0.0 MMBTU		
	Prev Month:	0.0 MCF	0.0 MMBTU		
	Accumulated:	0.0 MCF	0.0 MMBTU		
	Flow Summation C	Copy Soft Point # 0		Last 7 Daily Volumes Soft Point # 0	
Copyrigh	t 2000-2016, All Ric	hts Reserved by Vinson Pr	ocess Controls LP		
			Print	Save As Auto Scan Dupdate Close	
			<u></u>		<u>Apply</u>
•					
				ON-LIN	NE 9:24 PM

Figure 35. Flow Sum screen

1. Review the values in the following fields:

Field	Description		
Enable Summation	If you check Enable Summation, the program looks at the following four fields and uses the ones that are checked as a factor in the flow sum. If this field is not checked, the remainder of this section is ignored.		
Station Contains	Checks each meter to be added to the flow summation.		
Station Sum values	Inst Rate	The sum of volume and energy flow rates for all the meters selected above. The units of the volume flow rates are in MSCF or M3 per day. The units of the energy flow rates are in MMBTU or GJ per day.	

Field	Description			
	Today	The sum of volume and energy accumulated today for all of the meters selected above. The units of the volume are in MCF or M3. The units of the energy are in MMBTU or GJ.		
	Yesterday	The sum of volume and energy accumulated yesterday (the 24 hours before the last contract hour) for all the meters selected above. The units of the volume are in MCF or M3. The units of the energy are in MMBTU or GJ.		
	This Month	The sum of volume and energy accumulated this month (month to date) for all of the meters selected above. The units of the volume are in MCF or M3. The units of the energy are in MMBTU or GJ. The values are taken from the "Extra Run Parameters" field of each meter.		
	Prev Month	The sum of volume and energy accumulated during the previous month for all of the meters selected above. The units of the volume are in MCF or M3. The units of the energy are in MMBTU or GJ. The values are taken from the "Extra Run Parameters" field of each meter.		
	Accumulated	The on-going accumulation of volume and energy calculated by the program, which do not reset upon the change of the day or month. These values increase every second during flowing conditions as an accumulation is calculated from the flowrate. When this accumulated value reaches "interval" value, the program resets the accumulation to zero.		
Flow Summation Copy Soft Point #	immation are copied. The values are written to an a			

Field	Description
Last 7 Daily Volumes Soft Point #	This function is active when the field is set to a number greater than zero. There is only one field for this function. It uses two softpoints for every enabled calculation for a maximum of eight softpoints. The previous seven-day's daily flow and energy totals for each meter are written to the softpoints at each contract hour. The data is organized as per <i>Table 3</i> and <i>Table 4</i> .

2. Click Apply to save your changes.

3.3.2. Examples

Softpoints assignments are given below:

Table 3. Softpoint Assignments

Softpoint	Softpoint Assignments – (Example: Starting at Softpoint 11)		
Softpoint 11	Meter 1 Daily Accumulated Flow		
Softpoint 12	Meter 1 Daily Accumulated Energy		
Softpoint 13	Meter 2 Daily Accumulated Flow		
Softpoint 14	Meter 2 Daily Accumulated Energy		
Softpoint 15	Meter 3 Daily Accumulated Flow		
Softpoint 16	Meter 3 Daily Accumulated Energy		
Softpoint 17	Meter 4 Daily Accumulated Flow		
Softpoint 18	Meter 4 Daily Accumulated Energy		

Each softpoint contains seven days of flow information along with timestamps.

Table 4. Data point assignments

Data Point Assignments				
Data1	Sunday's Value	Data11	Sunday's Timestamp	
Data2	Monday's Value	Data12	Monday's Timestamp	
Data3	Tuesday's Value	Data13	Tuesday's Timestamp	
Data4	Wednesday's Value	Data14	Wednesday's Timestamp	
Data5	Thursday's Value	Data15	Thursday's Timestamp	
Data6	Friday's Value	Data16	Friday's Timestamp	
Data7	Saturday's Value	Data17	Saturday's Timestamp	

The day-of-the-week is the day on which the daily flow period started. For instance, if the contract hour is at 9am, the value stamped down at 9am on Wednesday morning is listed at Data3 (Tuesday's value).

Sample The first three meters are selected. The flow totals from these three meters are added together and displayed on the screen.

ROCLINK 800 - [Flow Sum - FB107]	
File Edit View ROC Configure	
🗋 🖆 🖬 X 🖻 🛍 🎒 🕽	
Point Number : 1 - Station1 💌	Soft Point
	Softpoints : 10 - Soft Pt 10 Tag : Soft Pt 10 Final Content Logging
Station	
	Data Value Description
Station ID: Station1	Integer Flag 0 Value Description
🔽 Enable	1 17500.53 Inst Flow 11 0.0 Prv Mon Engy
Station Contains	2 3993.052 Today Flow 12 4092.879 Energy Accum
Meter #1	3 0.0 Yday Flow 13 0.0
Meter #2	4 3993.052 Month Flow 14 0.0
Meter #3	5 0.0 Prv Mon Flow 15 0.0
Meter #4	
Station Sum Values	6 3993.052 Flow Accum 16 0.0
Volume	7 17938.04 Inst Energy 17 0.0
Inst Rate: 17500.53 MCF	D 8 4092.879 Today Energy 18 0.0
Today: 3963.885 MCF	9 0.0 Yday Energy 19 0.0
Yesterday: 0.0 MCF	10 4092.879 Month Energy 20 0.0
This Month: 3963.885 MCF	
Prev Month: 0.0 MCF	🗈 Copy 💼 Paste 🛛 🗛 Auto Scan 🔀 Update 🖌 OK 🗶 Cancel 🕴 Apply
Accumulated: 3963.885 MCF	
Flow Summation Copy Soft Point #	10
now summation copy solt Foint #	

These totals are written to soft point #10.

Figure 36. Sample values

Flow data for the group is written to the designated soft point. The numbers are placed into data points as described in the following table.

Table 5. Data Point Definitions

SOFTPOINT - DATA POINT DEFINITIONS

Data 1	Inst flow	Data 7	Inst energy
Data 2	Today's flow accum	Data 8	Today's energy accum
Data 3	Yesterday's flow accum	Data 9	Yesterday's energy accum
Data 4	This month's flow accum	Data 10	This month's energy accum
Data 5	Previous month's low accum	Data 11	Previous month's energy accum
Data 6	Flow accumulated	Data 12	Energy accumulated

Chapter 4 – Reference

This section provides information on the user-defined point type the Gas Control Manager program uses:

- Point Type 22: Cause Configuration
- Point Type 23: Effect Configuration
- Point Type 35: Run Switching
- Point Type 36: Flow Sum

Point type 22 applies to Cause Configuration. There are 16 logicals of this point type.

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
0	Cause Tag	PTTAG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	Cause 1 to Cause16	1.00	Cause Tag Name
1	Enable Cause	ENABLE	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Cause Enabled: 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
2	Input1 Definition	INDEF1	R/W	User	TLP	3		17,0,2	1.00	Primary Logic Point Selection
3	Input1 Tag	INTAG1	R/O	System	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	<none></none>	1.00	Selected Primary Logic PointTag ID
4	Cur Value1	CUVAL1	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0	1.00	Primary Logic Current Value:

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Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
5	Function1 Type	RELAT1	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8,10, 11, 12, 13,14, 18	1	1.00	Primary Logic Operator: 1) >= 2) <= 3) == 4) != 5) Watch Dog Timer 7) One Scan Rising 8) One Scan Falling 10) Add 11) Subtract 12) Multiply 13) Divide 14) Modulus 18) Copy Data
6	SetPt1 Definition	SETDEF	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Primary Logic Set PointSelection
7	SetPt1 Value	SETPT1	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0	1.00	Primary Logic Setpoint Value
8	Deadband orResult1	DBRES1	R/W	Both	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0	1.00	Primary Logic Deadband orMath Result
9	Part2 Enable	USEPT2	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Secondary Enable: 0 = Simple 1 = Compound
10	Input2 Definition	INDEF2	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Secondary Logic PointSelection
11	Input2 Tag	INTAG2	R/O	System	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	<none></none>	1.00	Selected Secondary LogicPoint Tag ID
12	Cur Value2	CUVAL2	R/O	System	FL	4	Any	0	1.00	Secondary Logic Current Value

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
							FloatingPoint Number			
13	Function2 Type	RELAT2	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8,10, 11, 12, 13,14, 18	1	1.00	Secondary Logic Operator: 1) >= 2) <= 3) == 4) != 5) Watch Dog Timer 7) One Scan Rising 8) One Scan Falling 10) Add 11) Subtract 12) Multiply 13) Divide 14) Modulus 18) Copy Data
14	SetPt2 Definition	SETDF2	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Secondary Logic Set PointSelection
15	SetPt2 Value	SETPT2	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Secondary Logic SetpointValue
16	Deadband orResult2	DBRES2	R/W	Both	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Secondary Logic Deadband orMath Result
17	And/Or Mode	ANDOR	R/W	User	UINT8	1	15 -> 16	15	1.00	Secondary Relationship withPrimary: 15 = And with Primary 16 = Or with Primary
18	Cause Trip/Clear	CZTRUE	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Cause Tripped Status: 0 = No

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
										1 = Yes
19	Part1 Trip/Clear	P1TRUE	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Primary Section TrippedStatus: 0 = No 1 = Yes
20	Part2 Trip/Clear	P2TRUE	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Secondary Section TrippedStatus: 0 = No 1 = Yes
21	Use Digital Enabler	ENABRQ	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Pre-Condition Required: 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
22	Digi Enab Definition	ENADEF	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Pre-Condition Point Selection
23	Digi Enab Tag	ENATAG	R/O	System	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	<none></none>	1.00	Selected Pre-Condition PointTag
24	Digi Enab ProcessValue	ENAPV	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Pre-Condition Selected PointValue
25	Digi Enabler Type	ENAREL	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 3	0	1.00	Pre-Condition Operator: 0) == 1) != 2) >= 3) <=
26	Digi Enab StPtValue	ENSTPT	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Pre-Condition Setpoint
27	Digi Enab ResultStatus	ENARLT	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Pre-Condition Met: 0 = No 1 = Yes

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
28	Enab Delay SecsPreset	ENAPRE	R/W	User	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	30	1.00	Pre-Condition Timer Preset(Secs)
29	Enab Delay SecsElapsed	ENACNT	R/O	System	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	0	1.00	Pre-Condition Timer (Secs)
30	Pri Trip Delay SecsPreset	TRPPR1	R/W	User	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	0	1.00	Primary Logic Trip Preset(Secs)
31	Pri Trip Delay SecsElapsed	TRPCT1	R/O	System	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	0	1.00	Primary Logic Trip Elapsed(Secs)
32	Scan Interval	SCANIV	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 5	3	1.00	Scan Interval: (Not Used) 0 = 100 mSec 1 = 200 mSec 2 = 500 mSec 3 = 1 Sec 4 = 2 Sec 5 = 5 Sec
33	Log Alarms	LOGALM	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Log Trips to Alarm Log: 0 = No 1 = Yes
34	Require Reset	RSTREQ	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Trip Requires Reset: 0 = No 1 = Yes
35	Effect 1	EFFT1	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1 -> 8	0	1.00	Effect Assignment Link 1
36	Effect 2	EFFT2	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1 -> 8	0	1.00	Effect Assignment Link 2
37	Effect 3	EFFT3	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1 -> 8	0	1.00	Effect Assignment Link 3
38	Effect 4	EFFT4	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1 -> 8	0	1.00	Effect Assignment Link 4
39	Effect 5	EFFT5	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1 -> 8	0	1.00	Effect Assignment Link 5
40	Effect 6	EFFT6	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1 -> 8	0	1.00	Effect Assignment Link 6

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
41	Effect 7	EFFT7	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1 -> 8	0	1.00	Effect Assignment Link 7
42	Effect 8	EFFT8	R/W	User	UINT8	1	1 -> 8	0	1.00	Effect Assignment Link 8
43	Links Energized	LNKENR	R/O	System	UINT8	1	1 -> 8	0	1.00	Effect Assignment LinksCurrently Active
44	Min Trip SecsPresets	MNTPRE	R/W	User	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	0	1.00	Minimum Trip Seconds Preset
45	Min Trip SecsElapsed	MNTCNT	R/O	System	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	0	1.00	Minimum Trip SecondsElapsed
46	Log Clears	LOGCLR	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Log Clears To Alarm Log: 0 = No 1 = Yes
47	Reset Code	RSTCOD	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 255	0	1.00	Reset Code Matched to EffectReset Code
48	Sec Trip DelaySecs Preset	TRPPR2	R/W	User	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	0	1.00	Secondary Logic Trip Preset(Secs)
49	Sec Trip DelaySecs Elapsed	TRPCT2	R/O	System	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	0	1.00	Secondary Logic Trip Elapsed(Secs)
50	Pri Trip DelayTimer Timing	TMRTT1	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Primary Logic Trip TimerTiming: 0 = Timer Expired 1 = Timing
51	Sec Trip DelayTimer Timing	TMRTT2	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Secondary Logic Trip TimerTiming: 0 = Timer Expired 1 = Timing
52	Accumulated Trips	TRPACM	R/W	Both	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	0	1.00	Accumulated Trips
53	Watchdog Timer	WATDOG	R/O	SYSTEM	UINT16	2	0 -> 65535	0	3.05	Provides an incrementing counter, to validate the program's running status. Only updated for the first logical instance.

4.2. Point Type 23: Effect Configuration

Point type 23 applies to Effect Configuration. There are up to 8 logicals of this point type.

Point Type 23: Effect Configuration

Par m	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
0	Effect Tag	EFFTAG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	Effect 1 to Effect16	1.00	Effect Tag Name
1	Effect Enable	EFFENB	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Effect Enable: 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
2	Effect Definition	EFFDEF	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Point Selection
3	Definition Tag	DEFTAG	R/O	System	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	<none></none>	1.00	Selected Point Tag ID
4	Now Active	CURENG	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Effect Status Is Active: 0 = No 1 = Yes
5	Cur Val	CURVAL	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Effect Current Value
6	Value When Active	ENGVAL	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	1.0	1.00	Value When Active
7	Value When NotActive	UENVAL	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Value When Inactive
8	Apply When NotActive	WRITEU	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Force Value When Inactive: 0 = No 1 = Yes
9	Is Reset Pt?	RESTPT	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 2	0	1.00	Reset Type: 0 = This Point is Not a ResetPoint 1 = This Point is a Hard- WiredReset

Par m	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
										2 = This Point is a SoftwareReset
10	1st Out Cause	10UTCZ	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	1st Trip Cause NumberTattletale:
										0 = None
										1 = Active
11	2nd Out Cause	20UTCZ	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	2nd Trip Cause NumberTattletale:
										0 = None
										1 = Active
12	3rd Out Cause	30UTCZ	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	3rd Trip Cause NumberTattletale:
										0 = None
										1 = Active
13	4th Out Cause	40UTCZ	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	4th Trip Cause NumberTattletale:
										0 = None
										1 = Active
14	1st Out Tag	1OTTAG	R/O	System	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	<none></none>	1.00	1st Trip Cause Tag
15	2nd Out Tag	20TTAG	R/O	System	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	<none></none>	1.00	2nd Trip Cause Tag
16	3rd Out Tag	3OTTAG	R/O	System	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	<none></none>	1.00	3rd Trip Cause Tag

Point Type 23: Effect Configuration

Par m	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
17	4th Out Tag	4OTTAG	R/O	System	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	<none></none>	1.00	4th Trip Cause Tag
18	Reset Code	RSTCOD	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 255	0	1.00	Match Reset Code with CauseReset Code
19	Active Link Count	LNKCNT	R/O	System	UINT8	1	1 -> 16	0	1.00	Current Active Link Count
20	Assert EffectContinuously	EFMODE	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	3.03	Assert Effect Continuously: 0 = Once 1 = Continuous

Point Type 23: Effect Configuration

Point type 35 applies to Run Switching. There are two logicals of this point type.

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
0	Station Tag	STATAG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	Station1 to Station4	1.00	Station Tag Name
1	Run1 Tag	RUN1TG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	Run1	1.00	Run 1 Tag Name
2	Run2 Tag	RUN2TG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	Run2	1.00	Run 2 Tag Name
3	Run3 Tag	RUN3TG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	Run3	1.00	Run 3 Tag Name
4	Run4 Tag	RUN4TG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	Run4	1.00	Run 4 Tag Name
5	Run1 Enable	RUN1EN	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Run 1 Enable: 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
6	Run2 Enable	RUN2EN	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Run 2 Enable: 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
7	Run3 Enable	RUN3EN	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Run 3 Enable: 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
8	Run4 Enable	RUN4EN	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Run 4 Enable: 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
9	Run1 Input	R1INPT	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 1 Input
10	Run2 Input	R2INPT	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 2 Input
11	Run3 Input	R3INPT	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 3 Input
12	Run4 Input	R4INPT	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 4 Input
13	Run1 Open DO	R10PD0	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 1 Open DO
14	Run2 Open DO	R2OPDO	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 2 Open DO
15	Run3 Open DO	R3OPDO	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 3 Open DO
16	Run4 Open DO	R4OPDO	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 4 Open DO
17	Run1 Close DO	R1CLDO	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 1 Close DO
18	Run2 Close DO	R2CLDO	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 2 Close DO
19	Run3 Close DO	R3CLDO	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 3 Close DO
20	Run4 Close DO	R4CLDO	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Run 4 Close DO
21	Run1 Open State	R10PST	R/W	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Run 1 Energize to Open: 0 = No 1 = Yes
22	Run2 Open State	R2OPST	R/W	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Run 2 Energize to Open: 0 = No 1 = Yes
23	Run3 Open State	R3OPST	R/W	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Run 3 Energize to Open: 0 = No 1 = Yes
24	Run4 Open State	R4OPST	R/W	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Run 4 Energize to Open: 0 = No 1 = Yes

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Point Type 35: Run Switching

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
25	Run1 Lo SetPt	R1LOSP	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Run 1 Low Set Point
26	Run2 Lo SetPt	R2LOSP	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	10.0	1.00	Run 2 Low Set Point
27	Run3 Lo SetPt	R3LOSP	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	10.0	1.00	Run 3 Low Set Point
28	Run4 Lo SetPt	R4LOSP	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	10.0	1.00	Run 4 Low Set Point
29	Run1 Hi SetPt	R1HISP	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	200.0	1.00	Run 1 High Set Point
30	Run2 Hi SetPt	R2HISP	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	200.0	1.00	Run 2 High Set Point
31	Run3 Hi SetPt	R3HISP	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	200.0	1.00	Run 3 High Set Point
32	Run1 Leave Open	R1LVOP	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Run 1 Leave Open AfterOpening Next Tube 0 = No 1 = Yes
33	Run2 Leave Open	R2LVOP	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Run 2 Leave Open AfterOpening Next Tube 0 = No 1 = Yes
34	Run3 Leave Open	R3LVOP	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Run 3 Leave Open AfterOpening Next Tube 0 = No 1 = Yes

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
35	Spike Delay	SPKDLY	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 255	5	1.00	Spike Delay For All Inputs -Seconds
36	Settling Delay	SETDLY	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 255	30	1.00	Settling Run Switch Delay -Seconds
37	Runs Open	RNSOPN	R/O	System	UINT8	1	1 -> 4	0	1.00	Runs Open Status
38	Control Type	CTLTYP	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Switch Mode: 0 = Monitor Last OpenedSwitch Points
										1 = Monitor All Passed SwitchPoints
39	Prop1 Tag	PR1TAG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	PropOut1	1.00	Proportional Output 1 TagName
40	Prop2 Tag	PR2TAG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	PropOut2	1.00	Proportional Output 2 TagName
41	Prop3 Tag	PR3TAG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	PropOut3	1.00	Proportional Output 3 TagName
42	Prop4 Tag	PR4TAG	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	PropOut4	1.00	Proportional Output 4 TagName
43	Prop1 Input	PRP1IN	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Input 1
44	Prop2 Input	PRP2IN	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Input 2
45	Prop3 Input	PRP3IN	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Input 3
46	Prop4 Input	PRP4IN	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Input 4
47	Prop1 Output	PRP10U	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Proportional Output 1
48	Prop2 Output	PRP2OU	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Proportional Output 2
49	Prop3 Output	PRP3OU	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Proportional Output 3

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
50	Prop4 Output	PRP4OU	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected Proportional Output 4
51	Run1 Open Close	R10PCL	R/W	Both	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Run 1 Status:
										0 = Close
										1 = Open
52	Run2 Open Close	R2OPCL	R/W	Both	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Run 2 Status:
										0 = Close
										1 = Open
53	Run3 Open Close	R3OPCL	R/W	Both	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Run 3 Status:
										0 = Close
										1 = Open
54	Run4 Open Close	R40PCL	R/W	Both	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Run 4 Status:
										0 = Close
										1 = Open
55	Use Flow Sensing	FLWSNS	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 2	0	3.00	Focus Run Verification:
										0 = Disable
										1 = PV Flow Sensing
										2 = DI State
56	ESD Pt Def	ESDDEF	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	1.00	Selected ESD Point(Referenced Point Monitored for ESD)
57	ESD Trip Value	ESDTRP	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 255	0	1.00	ESD Trip Set Point
58	ESD Cur Value	ESDCUR	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	ESD Status:
										0 = OK to Run
										1 = ESD Active
59	Run1 Input Value	DP1VAL	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Run 1 Value
60	Run2 Input Value	DP2VAL	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Run 2 Value

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
61	Run3 Input Value	DP3VAL	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Run 3 Value
62	Run4 Input Value	DP4VAL	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0.0	1.00	Run 4 Value
63	Spike DelaySeconds	SPKSEC	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 255	0	1.00	Spike Delay - (Secs)
64	Settling DelaySeconds	STLSEC	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 255	0	1.00	Settling Delay - (Secs)
65	Trail Run DelaySeconds	TRLSEC	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 255	0	1.00	Trail Run Delay (Secs). Used when Close Prev Tube is selected.
66	Focus Run Number	FOCRUN	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0 -> 3	0	1.00	Current Control Run:
										Run #1
										Run #2
										Run #3
										Run #4
67	Focus Sense PVCutoff	FPVCUT	R/W	User	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	3.0	1.00	PV Low Cutoff for FlowSensing
68	Run Total VolumeAccum 1	RVOLA1	R/O	System	UINT32	4	0- >4294967295	0	3.00	Run Total Volume Accum 1
69	Run Total VolumeAccum 2	RVOLA2	R/O	System	UINT32	4	0- >4294967295	0	3.00	Run Total Volume Accum 2
70	Run Total VolumeAccum 3	RVOLA3	R/O	System	UINT32	4	0- >4294967295	0	3.00	Unused ROC800 Compatibility
71	Run Total EnergyAccum 1	RENEA1	R/O	System	UINT32	4	0- >4294967295	0	3.00	Run Total Energy Accum 1
72	Run Total EnergyAccum 2	RENEA2	R/O	System	UINT32	4	0- >4294967295	0	3.00	Run Total Energy Accum 2
73	Run Total EnergyAccum 3	RENEA3	R/O	System	UINT32	4	0- >4294967295	0	3.00	Unused ROC800 Compatibility

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
74	Run Total AccumReset 1	RARST1	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run Total Accum Reset 1: 0 =Normal, 1 = Reset (program returns to normal)
75	Run Total AccumReset 2	RARST2	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run Total Accum Reset 2: 0 = Normal, 1 = Reset (program returns to normal)
76	Run Total AccumReset 3	RARST3	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Unused ROC800 Compatibility
77	AGA CalculationSelection 1	AGASL1	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Unused ROC800 Compatibility
78	AGA CalculationSelection 2	AGASL2	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Unused ROC800 Compatibility
79	AGA CalculationSelection 3	AGASL3	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Unused ROC800 Compatibility
80	AO Value 1	AOVAL1	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0	3.00	AO Value 1
81	AO Value 2	AOVAL2	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0	3.00	AO Value 2
82	AO Value 3	AOVAL3	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0	3.00	AO Value 3
83	AO Value 4	AOVAL4	R/O	System	FL	4	Any FloatingPoint Number	0	3.00	AO Value 4
84	Status Code	STATUS	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->18	0	3.00	Status Code: 0 = Status Ok 1 = Station ESD 2 = PV Type Not Selected 3 = Invalid Open DO Type

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
										4 = Invalid Open DO Param
										5 = Invalid Close DO Type
										6 = Invalid Close DO Param
										7 = Invalid Open DI Type
										8 = Invalid Open DI Param
										9 = Invalid Close DI Type
										10 = Invalid Close DI Param
										11 = Illegal Flow Tube 1
										12 = Illegal Flow Tube 2
										13 = Illegal Flow Tube 3
										14 = Illegal Flow Tube 4
										15 = Illegal DI Tube 1
										16 = Illegal DI Tube 2
										17 = Illegal DI Tube 3
										18 = Illegal DI Tube 4
35	Failure Type	FAILTY	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->2	0	3.00	Failure Type:
										0 = None
										1 = Illegal PV Flow
										2 = Illegal DI State
36	Failure Action	FAIACT	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->2	0	3.00	Failure Action:
										0 = Status Only
										1 = Alarm Log + Status
										2 = Disable Tube + Alarm Log+ Status
37	Failure Delay	FAIDLY	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->255	0	3.00	Failure Delay (Secs)
38	Failure Seconds	FAISEC	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->255	0	3.00	Failure Seconds
89	Solenoid Mode	SOLMO	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->3	0	3.00	Solenoid Mode:
		D								0 = Single Solenoid Latch
										1 = Dual Solenoid Latch
										2 = Dual Solenoid Latch - DIReset

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
										3 = Dual Solenoid Momentary
90	Run 1 Open ResetDI	R10PDI	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	3.00	Run 1 Open Reset DI
91	Run 2 Open ResetDI	R2OPDI	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	3.00	Run 2 Open Reset DI
92	Run 3 Open ResetDI	R3OPDI	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	3.00	Run 3 Open Reset DI
93	Run 4 Open ResetDI	R4OPDI	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	3.00	Run 4 Open Reset DI
94	Run 1 Close ResetDI	R1CLDI	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	3.00	Run 1 Close Reset DI
95	Run 2 Close ResetDI	R2CLDI	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	3.00	Run 2 Close Reset DI
96	Run 3 Close ResetDl	R3CLDI	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	3.00	Run 3 Close Reset DI
97	Run 4 Close ResetDl	R4CLDI	R/W	User	TLP	3		0,0,0	3.00	Run 4 Close Reset DI
98	Run 1 Open DI Value	DIOPV1	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run 1 Open DI Value: 0 = Reset 1 = Open
99	Run 2 Open DI Value	DIOPV2	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run 2 Open DI Value: 0 = Reset 1 = Open
100	Run 3 Open DI Value	DIOPV3	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run 3 Open DI Value: 0 = Reset 1 = Open
101	Run 4 Open DI Value	DIOPV4	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run 4 Open DI Value: 0 = Reset 1 = Open
102	Run 1 Close Dl Value	DICLV1	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run 1 Close DI Value: 0 = Reset 1 = Close
103	Run 2 Close Dl Value	DICLV2	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run 2 Close DI Value: 0 = Reset 1 = Close
104	Run 3 Close DI	DICLV3	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run 3 Close DI Value:

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	DataType	Length	Range	Default	Ver	Description
	Value									0 = Reset 1 = Close
105	Run 4 Close Dl Value	DICLV4	R/O	System	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Run 4 Close DI Value: 0 = Reset 1 = Close

4.4. Point Type 36: Flow Sum

Point type 36 applies to Flowsums. There are 2 logicals of this point type.

Point Type 36: Flow Sum

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	Data Type	Length	Range	Default	Version	Description of Functionality and Meaning of Values
0	Station Description	STATID	R/W	User	AC10	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for each ASCII character	Station1 to Station 2	1.00	Station Description Name
1	Flow Sum Enable	SUMENB	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Enable Summation:
										0 = Disable
										1 = Enable
2	AGA1 Select	SLAGA1	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Station Sum
										Contains Meter #1: 0 = Disable
										0 = Disable 1 = Enable
3	AGA2 Select	SLAGA2	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	1	1.00	Station Sum
5	AGAZ SEIEUI	SLAGAZ		0561	UINTO	I	0->1	1	1.00	Contains Meter #2:
										0 = Disable
										1 = Enable
4	AGA3 Select	SLAGA3	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Station Sum
										Contains Meter #3:
										0 = Disable 1 = Enable
5	AGA4 Select	SLAGA4	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	1.00	Station Sum Contains Meter #4:
										0 = Disable
										1 = Enable
6	Sum Flow Rate MSCFD	SUMRAT	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive	0	1.00	Sum Flow Rate
							Floating Point Number			MSCFD
7	Sum Flow Today	SUMTDY	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	1.00	Sum Flow Today

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	Data Type	Length	Range	Default	Version	Description of Functionality and Meaning of Values
8	Sum Flow Prev Day	SUMYDY	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	1.00	Sum Flow Prev Day
9	Sum Flow This Month	SUMTMN	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	1.00	Sum Flow This Month
10	Sum Flow Prev Month	SUMPMN	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	1.00	Sum Flow Prev Month
11	Sum Flow Accumulated	SUMACC	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	1.00	Sum Flow Accumulated
12	Softpoint Write Num	SFPWRT	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 32	0	1.00	Flow Summation Copy Softpoint #: 0 = Disable 1 to 32 = Softpoint Table
13	7-Day SFP Write Num	SFP7DY	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0 -> 31	0	1.00	Last 7 Daily Volumes Softpoint #: 0 = Disable 1 to 31 = Softpoint Table
14	Sta Total Vol Accum	SVOLAC	R/O	System	UINT32	4	0->4294967295	0	3.00	Station Total Volume Accum
15	Sta Total Eneg Accum	SENEAC	R/O	System	UINT32	4	0->4294967295	0	3.00	Station Total Energy Accum
16	Sta Total Accum Reset	SACRST	R/W	User	UINT8	1	0->1	0	3.00	Station Total Accum Reset: 0 = Normal 1 = Reset (program returns to normal)

Point Type 36: Flow Sum

Point Type 36: Flow Sum

Parm	Name	Abbr	Access	System or User Update	Data Type	Length	Range	Default	Version	Description of Functionality and Meaning of Values
17	Sum Energy Rate	ENERAT	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	3.05	Station energy flow rate, in units of MMBTU per day or GJ per day
18	Sum Energy Today	ENETDY	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	3.05	Station energy total for today in units of MMBTU or GJ
19	Sum Energy Previous Day	ENEYDY	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	3.05	Station energy total for the previous day in units of MMBTU or GJ
20	Sum Energy This Month	ENETMN	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	3.05	Station energy total for this month in units of MMBTU or GJ
21	Sum Energy Previous Month	ENEPMN	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	3.05	Station energy total for the previous month in units of MMBTU or GJ
22	Sum Energy Accumulated	ENEACC	R/O	System	FL	4	Any Positive Floating Point Number	0	3.05	Station energy accumulated in units of MMBTU or GJ

Appendix A – Sample Cause and Effect Diagram

Injection Well Skid 00- RSK-18 Cause & Effect Matrix	Output Descriptio	Injection Meter Skid Shutdown	General Alarm Beacon	Annunciation in DCS	Annunciation in Local Display	Run 1 SD Valve Open Command	Run 2 SD Valve Open Command	Run 3 SD Valve Open Command	Run 4 SD Valve Open Command	Utility Gas SD Valve Open Cmd	Run 1 SD Valve Close Command	Run 2 SD Valve Close Command	Run 3 SD Valve Close Command	Run 4 SD Valve Close Command	Utility Gas SD Valve Close Cmd				
Input Description	Тад		USD-1901	UA-1901	1		ESDV-1901	ESDV-1902	ESDV-1903	ESDV-1904	ESDV-1905	ESDV-1901	ESDV-1902	ESDV-1903	ESDV-1904	ESDV-1905			
Remote Shutdown	EXS-1901		x	x		x	0	0	0	0	0	x	x	x	x	х		\rightarrow	
Utility Gas ESD Valve Closed Limit Switch	EZSC-1905		~	X	x	X	Ť	Ē	Ť	Ē	-	~	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	~		\neg	
Local ESD Hand Station	EHS-1906		x	X	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	x	х	x	x	х		+	
Reset Hand Switch	EHS-1907		0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0		\neg	
Gas Level Hi-Hi Alarm	AAHH-1901		х	Х	Х	x						х	х	x	х	Х		\neg	
Fire Level Hi-Hi Alarm	AAHH-1902		Х	Х	Х	x						х	х	X	X	х		\neg	
Gas Level Hi Alarm	AAH-1901				X	X												\neg	
Gas Detector Fault	AAL-1901			Х	X	X												\neg	
Fire Detector Fault	AAL-1902			Х	X	X												\neg	
Gate Intrusion Limit Switch	ZSO-1901			Х	X	X												\neg	
Panel Intrusion Limit Switch	ZSO-1902			Х	X	X												\neg	
Power Supply Low Voltage Switch	ESL-1908				Х	X													
Power Supply Low-Low Voltage Switch	ESLL-1909		Х	Х	Х	X	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	X	Х	Х			
Run 1 Pressure Lo-Lo Alarm	PALL-1901A			Х	Х	X	R					Х							
Run 2 Pressure Lo-Lo Alarm	PALL-1902A			Х	Х	Х		R					Х						
Run 3 Pressure Lo-Lo Alarm	PALL-1903A			Х	Х	X			R					Х					
Run 4 Pressure Lo-Lo Alarm	PALL-1904A			Х	Х	X				R					Х				
Run 1 Strainer Diff Press Hi-Hi Limit	PDHH-1901			Х	Х	X													
Run 2 Strainer Diff Press Hi-Hi Limit	PDHH-1902			Х	Х	Х													
Run 3 Strainer Diff Press Hi-Hi Limit	PDHH-1903			Х	Х	Х													
Run 4 Strainer Diff Press Hi-Hi Limit	PDHH-1904			Х		Х													
Run 1 Flow High Alarm	FAH-1901			Х		Х													
Run 2 Flow High Alarm	FAH-1902			Х	Х	X											\square		
Run 3 Flow High Alarm	FAH-1903			Х	<u> </u>	X											\vdash	\square	
Run 4 Flow High Alarm	FAH-1904			Х	Х	X											\vdash	$ \rightarrow$	
1	1	I		1	1		1	1	1	1	1		1		1	I	i 1	I	

This appendix presents a full Cause and Effect Diagram sample matrix. You can use the sample or make your own design.

 ${\sf R}$ = effect must be reset by clearing condition, namely, re-pressurizing the run for the PALL

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